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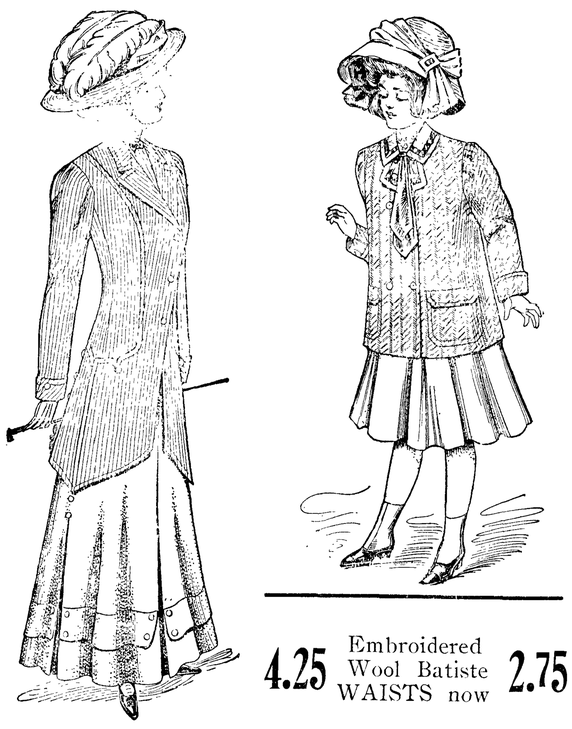
OLYMPIC LEADER

VOL. 22. NO. 8 | PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON. FRIDAY. FEBRUARY 26. 1909 | PAGES 1 TO 8

A New Line of

Misses, Children and Ladies

SPRING SUITS



4.25 Embroidered Wool Batiste WAISTS now 2.75

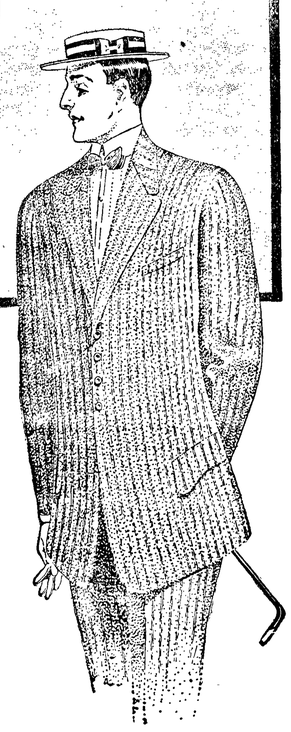
KID GLOVES

A new line in all the colors and in all lengths just arrived and a full line of SILK GLOVES in all styles

A new line of Ruching. Something new in Plain Net Lace Curtains with heavy Batenburg Borders. India Linen. New Kimonas.

The Phelps Dry Goods Co.

INTERNATIONAL TAILORING CO
NEW YORK AND CHICAGO



NEW MODELS AND FABRICS FROM THE INTERNATIONAL ARE AT YOUR SERVICE TOGETHER WITH THE GUARANTEE TO EXECUTE ALL ORDERS FOR MADE-TO-MEASURE CLOTHES WITH ABSOLUTE PERFECTION

SOLE AGENT

JIM KNIGHT

THE MAN ON THE CORNER
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

Mrs. Ada M. Dumont

VOICE CULTURE

Will reside in the city permanently. Phone 100.

Mary Luppen
Piano Instruction
Leschetizky Method
Piano Instruction $1.00.
Telephone No. 69.
Will remain in the City 2 years

A COMPROMISE LOCAL OPTION BILL

Provides for Double Unit; Believed it will Prove Acceptable to All Parties Interested.

A compromise local option bill, providing for a double unit, which will be supported by a majority of the senate, passed in the senate committee on public morals, and will probably become a law.

Senators S. J. Cameron and J. H. Smith, who voted with the opponents of the Anti-Saloon-League bill, have agreed to support the measure; without any other additional recruits, these men hold the balance of power between the two factions, and their support will insure the bill passing the senate. The bill has adopted several sections of the Falconer-McMaster bill and has found favor among the legislators who are standing for a reasonable law, and house members have promised the support of the majority of that body. The bill provides that cities of the first, second and third class and all under classified organized towns of 1,500 inhabitants or over shall be separate units with the balance of the county another unit as a whole; thirty per cent of the qualified voters shall be required upon a petition for calling a local option election in any unit to begin with, for any special election prior to the general election of 1910, or for submitting the question at that general election. The results shall be in effect until 1912, at which time and for all succeeding general elections every two years the question shall be submitted to a vote of the people, irrespective of its past status as wet or dry territory, and without the necessity of petition.

All signers of local option petitions must have been residents of the unit at least three months prior to signing, and the petition must be filed with the proper officials not less than 50 days prior to the time of election and not more than 60 days prior thereto.

The local option ballots are to be separate ballots, to be deposited in a separate box and with a separate canvass.

In case of a unit going dry at election, the provisions of the law become effective 30 days after election. The saloon keepers are permitted ten days grace, the license is to be surrendered and a refund made on the unused term.

Both fines and imprisonment are provided for violations of the law. For conviction of the first offense the fine is from $20 to $200 and confinement in the county jail for from ten to thirty days.

The prosecuting attorney has full swing in bringing prosecutions, and for subsequent offenses has only to allege the previous offenses and show the court records. The county commissioners are permitted to spend any part of the fine money or to appropriate funds for the enforcement of the law.

For conviction of fake signatures to petitions, a fine of $20 to $200 and ten to thirty days in jail is provided.

A physician convicted of issuing a false or illegal prescription for liquor may be fined from $50 to $250. A druggist violating the provision of the law may be fined from $20 to $250 and have his license revoked for two years. The druggist must keep a record of all liquor prescriptions.

The bill permits the delivery by common carriers of liquor to persons in dry territory in packages of not more than one gallon. The prosecuting attorney may bring proceedings, indictments, etc., himself and does not have to name the buyer of the liquor, simply alleging the sale. Holding of United States revenue receipts for liquor shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the violation of the law.

A STITCH IN TIME

will save nine. So will a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup always kept on hand save many a spell of sickness. A sure cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, and whooping cough. Mrs. S—, Hot Springs, Ark., writes: "I keep a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup in my medicine chest, and thank my forethought many times. It has prevented many severe spells of sickness."

Sold at Mathewson Drug Store.

FRUIT FARMS ON LOGGED OFF LAND

Thousands of Idle Acres Could Be Utilized for Small Fruits in this County.

The Elma Chronicle publishes an interesting story of logged-off land, which should be reproduced in every paper in Western Washington.

It announces the sale of a ten-acre tract of upland for $175 an acre. It represented a portion of a forty-acre tract, purchased eight years ago for $6 an acre. At the time the buyer went upon the land it was generally predicted that he would soon starve out and return to town. But he planted berries, and his report for the past year shows that after deducting the cost of cultivating, harvesting and marketing the crop, and allowing himself $2.50 per day for the time employed, he secured a profit of $100 an acre from the farm planted to strawberries and loganberries.

There is a sermon for every man in the Puget Sound country in that report from Chehalis county. It opens up the roadway to future possibilities in tilling the soil, and suggests the numerous opportunities for active men and women who will go upon the logged-off lands and remain there until favored by fortune. The berry grower has accomplished more than ordinary business men. He has demonstrated that the logged-off uplands are valuable for small fruits, and that there is money in the fruit growing industry. He claims that every acre can be made to pay a profit of $300 to $500 annually if planted to vines and fruits and properly handled.

Every section of the Puget Sound basin offers just such locations as are found at Elma. There are special features in soil, climate and marketing facilities in some districts. The lands have been logged-off and are lying in a worthless condition. Tracts may be bought at low rates and on reasonable terms. The farmer cannot lose anything in doing the work of development, for his land increases in value every year because of the demand for productive acres. It is one of the sure ways of securing a competence for old age to get a tract of logged-off land and devote some time and money to getting it in shape for cultivation. It is a good investment, and will certainly return big dividends.—P. I.

SPECIAL MUSIC SUNDAY

During this week the choir of the Congregational Church has taken in several new members. The choir at present comprises the following persons:

Sopranos: Miss Ethel M. Welch, Miss I. E. Marsh and Mrs. C. J. Farmer.

Altos: Mrs. Ada M. Dumont, Miss Bernice Allen and Miss Mary MacClure.

Tenors: N. H. Bonnett, Fred Farmer and Wm. Ritchie Jr.

Bass: C. C. McNutt and J. Merton Davis.

Organist: Miss Mary G. Morse.

SPECIAL MUSIC

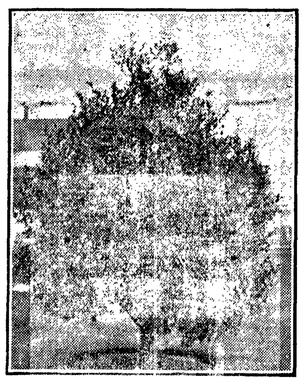
for Sunday morning — Anthem by Choir; contralto solo, "Face to Face," Ada M. Dumont.

Evening—Violin solo, Geo. Parks; anthem by Choir; contralto solo, "Souls in Darkness," Ada M. Dumont. Words and music of the evening solo are composed by Mrs. Stephen Smith, wife of the pastor.

IT IS GOD'S COUNTRY

Editor Herbert of the National Printer Journalist, Chicago, in commenting on the 17th Annual Edition of Orno Strong's West Coast Trade, Tacoma, says: "It is filled with beauty, grandeur and countless wonders. Washington and all the Pacific coast, for that matter, is a region of wonders. . . . If duty and our work did not keep us in Chicago, we would move to the Northwest Pacific Coast. It is God's country."

A silver medal contest will be held Tuesday evening, March 16th. Margaret B. Platt, State President of the W. C. T. U., will be present.



AN ENGLISH HOLLY

Growing on the lawn at A. G. Frye's residence, Georgiana street. The holly, of which there are several hundred, both green and variegated, in Port Angeles, grows to absolute perfection in this climate — further north than Maine—and is a close rival to some of our native evergreen shrubs in beauty.

FARMERS CLUB AGAINST SOLEDUCK ROUTE

Protests Against Unnecessary Waste of Public Money by Either County or State.

To the Editor: — The Farmers' Club of Eden Valley has taken a stand against the expenditure of money by either the state or county in the building of a road to Port Angeles from the west end of the county by way of the Solduck river and Lake Crescent. This club takes the position that the proper route for the road is along the straits. The Solduck and Lake Crescent route will cost more than double the expense of the other route. It will run through a stretch of forest reserve that probably never will be settled and it will be a score of years, at least, before any of the timber in that valley, not in the reserve, will be logged-off and ready for any settlement. The enormous cost of building a road around Lake Crescent ought, in our judgment, make our citizens pause before they endorse the scheme. Along the straits is the natural, proper and most economical route for a highway from Port Angeles west, whether it be a state or a county road. It will go through a country of fertile soil which will all be needed for cultivation and there are less miles of road to build than up trough the Solduck country and around the lake. The farmers and taxpayers generally all over this county do not seem to realize the proposed unnecessary waste of money involved in building an expensive automobile road through a forest reserve where nobody lives and where a road can bring along with it no settlement or cultivation or improvement. As farmers and tax payers this club protests against unnecessary waste of public money by either the county or state and we will continue to protest and work against the state road running up the Solduck river and around the lake. We farmers propose to call the attention of all farmers and taxpayers in the county to this matter for proper public discussion of the subject.

Respectfully,
Dan Kelly, President,
Eden Valley Farmers Club.

NEW MILL FOR EDEN VALLEY

The Big Four Lumber Co., Mr. Keen, manager, is soon to become one of the leading activites in the lumber industry of Clallam county. Ground was broken Thursday on land owned by O. H. Babcock in Eden valley on which the Company propose erecting a saw mill and shingle mill. It is proposed that the lumber mill shall have a capacity of 25 to 30 thousand feet of lumber daily and that the output of the shingle mill will be 150 thousand daily. This capacity, while not large in comparison with some other mills in the Sound country, will be ample for the present needs of the thriving community in which the mill is located, as well as increasing the total amount of shingles exported from Clallam county.

SCHOOL CHILDREN WILL BOOST

In accordance with the proposition to have the school children of the state help advertise the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, County Superintendent Annette Trumbull is writing circular letters to each teacher of the county asking them to remind the pupils before the afternoon of Friday, March 5th, that on that afternoon they will be expected to write letters to relatives or friends in the east, pointing out the attractions that their own city or town has to offer and to include a reference to the exposition that is to be held in Seattle this summer, at which all the resources of the western country will be displayed. On Friday afternoon, March 5th, the pupils should bring paper, envelopes and stamps to school and leave the letters, when written and sealed, with the teachers for posting.

Mrs. Margaret C. Munn, State Corresponding Secretary of the W. C. T. U., will fill the pulpit of the First M. E. Church, March 14th, both morning and evening. All members of our local union are requested to be present. Come and bring your friends with you.

The Iowa legislature is after the trusts. That body of law makers proposes to stamp out the grocers' trusts, the coal dealers' trusts and the ice trust, and even the doctors' trust. Everybody is getting rich too fast.

GRAPES, from their most healthful properties, give ROYAL its active and principal ingredient

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

It is economy to use Royal Baking Powder. It saves labor, health and money.

Where the best food is required no other baking powder or leavening agent can take the place or do the work of Royal Baking Powder.

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.

Minor · Happenings of the Week

The fifth Hawaiian legislature convened last week.

Grand Duke Vladimir Alexandrovich of Russia, is dead.

Agitation for the abolition of capital punishment in Russia has been revived

Justice Dowling, of New York, has decided that a corporation can commit a libel.

The Kansas senate has passed a measure which prohibits the sale of liquor by drug stores.

The military academy appropriation bill carries $3,000,000, including $1,700,000 for new buildings.

England, Scotland and Ireland have 596,038 old age pensioners, according to official figures just made public.

The legislative deadlocks over the election United States senators in Wisconsin and Ililnois are still unbroken.

The Montana supreme court has handed down a decision upholding the validity of that state's anti-gambling statute.

The South Carolina senate has passed the bill making liquor "drumming" in the state a misdemeanor punishable with a fine of $1,000.

George B. Harris, presideont of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway, has been elected president of the Colorado & Southern railway.

The British government has forwarded to Washington its formal authorization of the fisheries agreement on behalf of Newfoundland.

Following the passage of the county local option bill in Idaho a bill has been put through the house doubling the state license for saloons.

The house committee on expenditures of the interior department has authorized a favorable report on the bill creating a dependent children's bureau.

An amendment to the navy appropriation bill restoring members of the marine corps to srevice aboard United States warships, has been adopted by the senate.

The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce has reported favorably on the bill increasing the membership of the interstate commerce commission from seven to nine.

A $50,000,000 coal deal to consolidate practically all the Illinois mines within a radius of 50 miles of St. Louis, is on the verge of consummation.

The president has signed the urgent decfiency bill and the resolution appropriating $16,000 for the expenses of the inauguration of President-elect Taft.

Senator Frye has introduced a bill in congress requiring all ocean-going steamers carriyng 50 passengers or more between ports 200 miles apart to be equipped with wireless.

Montclair, New Jersey, churchmen are to start a saloon to be known as the ideal thirst parlor, where coffee, lemonade and other non-intoxicants are to be sold.

A refunding mortgage on all the property of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, has been filed recently at Chicago. The amount of the bonds to be issued is limited to $110,000,000, except under one contingency.

According to an announcement made at Boise, Idaho, the highest suspension bridge in the world will be built over the Snake river, just below Shoshone falls. The span will be 700 feet above the water and 2,000 feet long.

Dr. James B. Angell has submitted his resignation as president of the University of Michigan and has been offered by the regents the position of chancellor at a salary of $4,000 a year with the continued free use of the president's mansion. Dr Angell is now 80 years of age.

Geronimo, the noted Indian chief, died last week at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, where he had been a prisoner of war for 22 years. Geronimo was the war chief of the Apaches, and was captured with his band in Arizona by Gen. Nelson A. Miles, who, with his soldiers, pursued him for months.

Following the withdrawal of the ministers of Guatemala and Salvador from Honduras and Nicaragua, it is learned from an authoritative source that the United States government has warned the Central American republics that any overt act would immediately call down armed intervention from this country and Mexico.

Castro Shorn of Title

Caracas, Feb. 22 —Cipriano Castro has lost his title as president of Venezuela, the High Federal Court having rendered a decision that sucffiient evidence has been presented in the suit brought against him on the charge of attempting to bring about the assassination of Juan Vincente Gomez, the acting president. In its decision the high court transfers the suit to the criminal court and declares that Castro is constitutionally suspended from the presidency.

Washington State News

Work on the new Northern Pacific passenger station at Tacoma has begun.

The Chehalis city council has voted to purchase a fire engine and hose wagon

The United States mill at Aberdeen, recently sold to Edward Hulbert, will resume operations April 1.

Mrs Mary J. King, heiress to one-fifth of a large fortune in Texas, has been located at Mukilteo.

All reclamation work in this state is to be supervised form the irrigation office being established at North Yakima.

Three new industries will be established at White Salmon this spring. They are a fruit box factory, pickle factory and furniture factory.

John F. Main, of Seattle, professor of law at the University of Washington, has been appointed to the position of seventh superior judge of King county.

Rain has been falling in copious showers over the wheat fields of the Palouse wheat belt, and the ground is well soaked. Farmers are predicting a bumper wheat crop in 1909.

The total salmon pack of the Pacific coast during the season of 1908 was 3,852,592 cases, against 3,869 023 cases in 1907 according to the annual review of the salmon industry which appeared last week in the Pacific Fisherman.

John Alvin and James Rose, miners, were killed and considerable damage to property was done by an immense slide of coal in the mine of the Carbon Hill Coal company, at Carbonado, last Thursday.

A week ago the state fish commissioner sent 2,500 Easternt trout to J. F. Lavigne, of Chewelah, to stock the waters near Ch ewelah. They were put in the Chewelah and Benolkin creeks. Another 2,500 trout for the purpose have just arrived.

For the purpose of uniting all the commercial forces now at work in Douglas, Okanogan and Chealn counties, the Commecrial Club of Wenatchee has issued a call for a convention to be hedl in that city in March. At this meeting plans for uniting promotionw ork will be formulated.

SEVERE TEST TO KEEPING QUALITIES OF APPLES

In the display window of a real estate office of North Yakima, there are three plactes of apples, each plate representing a different variety, says hte Yakima Republic. One plate contains Spitzenbergs, the second plate contains Yellow Newtowns, and the third red cheeked Pippins. These three varieties have stood a severe test of keeping quality, and if the test they have been put to is a fair one it is shown that the three varieties mentioned above will keep longer than any other variety of fruit grown in the valley.

In October, 1908, Mr. Scudder put plates in the window containing eight varieties of apples grown in the valley. Today the three varieties mentioned are the only apples left in the display window, the other fruit having rotted and fallen to pieces. Bellflowers, Lady Apples, White Winter Pearmains, Blue Pearmains and Rome Blacks were the other varieties put to the test.

As fast as a plate of apples rotted they were taken out of the window. Of the three varieties not yet "spelled down" the Spitzenbergs appear to be in the best condition.

New Line in Central Oregon

It has been announced at Portland that the Harriman system will construct a line into Central Oregon from the mouth of the Des Chutes river. The road will be 130 miles long, will cost $4,773,000 and will reach into what is known as the Bend irrigation district. Construction will begin as soon as obstacles of minor importance are overcome and the maps approved by the government.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

Purchasing Prices.

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Eggs—Select ranch, 22@24c. per doz.

Poultry—live hens, 15c lb; springs, 16c; roasting, 15c; old roosters, 9c; ducks, 17c; geese, 13c; live turkeys, 21c; dressed, 23c.

Live stock—Steers, 4 1-10c per lb. cows, 3⅛c; wethers, 4 1-10c; lambs, 4¾c; hogs, 6½c; calves, 4½@6c.

Potatoes—$19@24 per ton for local; $22@26 for Yakima

Ranch butter, 21c.

TACOMA QUOTATIONS

Wheat—Club, $1.00; bluestem, $1.10; red, 98c.

Poultry—Turkeys, live 20c; dressed, 22c; spring chickens, dressed, 15c; ducks, live, 14c; hens, live, 14c; spring chickens, live, 14c; geese, fresh dressed, 15c;

Butter,—Washington, 35c; Eastern storage, 30c; fresh Eastern, 35c.

Eggs—Washington ranch, candled, 22@24c.

Oats—$33@34; rolled oats, $34@35.

Hay, Alfalfa, etc—Wheat hay, $14@15; timothy, $19@22; mixed, $16@18; wild, $13@15; clover, $16@17; Ttimothy and clover, $16@18; alfalfa, $15@16; straw, $11.

Feed—Corn, $34@36; wheat, $32@33; barley, whole grain, $27@28; rolled, $29@30; shorts, $30@31.50; bran, $27@28.50; midlings, $33@34; oil meal, $40.

RETURN OF FLEET

FINISHED VOYAGE AROUND WORLD ON WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

President Tells Admiral Sperry How Immensely Pleased and Proud He Is—The Admiral's Reply—Noisy Welcome at Fort Monroe.

Fortress Monroe, Va., Feb. 22.—"Not until some American fleet returns victorious from a great sea fight will there be another such home-coming, another such sight as this. I drink to the American navy."

This was the toast of President Roosevelt today as he stood radiantly happy in the cabin of the little cruiser yacht Mayflower at the concusion of the review and the ceremonies attending the welcome home of the American battleship fleet. He was surrounded by the admirals and captains of the sixteen world-encircling vessels, brilliantly attired in all the gold lace and paraphernalia of special full dress uniform.

"We stay-at-homes also drink to the men who have made us prouder than ever of our country," added the president, and again the toast was pledged.

"When the fleet sailed from San Francisco, Mr. President," replied Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry, "you sent us a message that ours was a heavy responsibility and a great honor. That we have today filled the responsibility makes this the proudest moment of our lives. I say 'we' advisedly in speaking of the fleet, for no one man could have done what has been done without the loyal and willing co-operation of every man on the fleet."

Thus briefly did the commander of the returning ships make his official report to the commander-in-chief of the army and navy.

To the men and junior officers the president expressed his appreciation and the thanks of the country for the prestige which the cruise of the fleet had given to the American navy by making visits to the four divisional flagships—the Connecticut, the Louisiana, the Georgia and the Wisconsin.

Given Noisy Welcome

Cannon, bells and factory whistles added to the din of thousands of throats as the great earth girdling battleships swung past the Mayflower to their anchorages. A drizzling rain could not dampen the ardor or enthusiasm of the multitudes ashore or of the masses of spectators clustered on every conceivable craft afloat.

A dense fog clouded the sea early in the morning, but later lifted and permitted those on shore to obtain glimpses of black columns of smoke from more than a score of funnels which marked the approach of the greatest armed fleet ever gathered under the American flag.

By 8:30 a fleet of newspaperboats and pleasure craft started to meet the Mayflower and the fleet.

Before the flagship Connecticut came within sight of the Mayflower, Rear Admiral Sperry ordered single column formation, and this was held until the review was over.

Din of Firing

With the first sharp report of the forward starboard eight inch rifle of the Connecticut, a din of firing began that lasted for more than thirty minutes. Even though smokeless powder was used in the saluting, the slight puffs from the muzzles of the rifles raised a thin haze that partly obscured the view of the vessels at the end of the column

As the last ship of the welcome squadron passed by the Mayflower, private yachts, press boats and excursion steamers fell in and passed in informal review.

Rear Admiral Sperry, his division officers and the captains of the fleet came aboard the Mayflower shortly after the fleet's anchors were let go in the waters of Hampton Roads, and there were greeted by the president in the words quoted above.

Itinerary of the Fleet

Left Hampton Roads, December 16, 1907.

Arrived Rio de Janeiro, January 12, 1908.

Punta Arenas, January 31.
Valparaiso, February 14
Callao, February 20.
Magdalena Bay, March 12.
San Francisco, May 6.
Seattle, May 23.
Honolulu, July 16.
Auckland, August 10.
Sydney, August 20.
Melbourne, August 29.
Manila, October 2.
Yokohama, October 18.
Manila, First Squadron, October 31.
Amoy, Second Squadron, October 30.
Colombo, December 12.
Port Said, January 5, 1909.
Naples, January 10.
Villerfanche, January 11.
Malta, January 14.
Marseilles, January 15.
Gibraltar, January 31.
Hampton Roads, February 22.
Total distance covered—42,227 miles
Time consumed—One year, two months and six days.
Foreign countries visited—Fifteen.

Idaho Passes Local Option

Boise, Idaho, Feb. 20.—The local option bill has been passed by both house and senate and has gone to the governor, who has announced his intention of signing it. The county unit plan is provided for in the measure.

TO URGE UNIFORMITY IN STATE LEGISLATION

New York, Feb. 20—There has been announced from the headquarters of the National Civic Federation the appointment of a committee whose business it will be to attempt to organize a council of 100 representative men in each state before whom will be laid a plan to secure more uniform state legislation.

John Hays Hammond is chairman. The names of the other members follow: Alton B. Parker, New York; Myron T. Herrick, Ohio; David R. Francis, Missouri; Curtis Guild, Jr., Massachusetts; N. J. Bethelder, New Hampshire; Edward Warfield, Maryland; Herman Ridder, New York; C. F Brookes, Connecticut; Bruce Haldeman, Kentucky; Victor Rosewater, Nebraska; Clark Howell, Georgia; P. I. Bonebrake, Kansas; James Lynch, Indiana; Harry Pratt Judson, Illinois; John H. Halliday, Indiana, and Benjaimn Ide Wheeler, California.

The federation points out that there has been no effort to crystalize interstate organizations for the accomplishment of concrete aims. The federation says:

"The development of the nation and the changes in conditions have emphasized the harmfulness of incongruities in laws adopted, as they have been, without any attepmt at uniformity in regulating the subject matter. A meetting for the common good of men from all the states and the opportunities such meeting will afford for better understanding and appreciation from the people and the institutions of widely separated sections will bring about an increased sense of the unity of the whole people."

WOMAN SUFFRAGE MEASURE IS PASSED

Olympia, Feb. 24.—The woman suffrage bill, which proposes an amendment to the constitution to give suffrage to women, passed the senate by a vote of 30 to 9. After weeks of hard work, during which the task of piloting the bill safely through the house and senate seemed insuperable, the lobby of women sat in the gallery and waved handkerchiefs when the vote was announced. There was no hand clapping from the lobby and no demonstration of exultation other than the fluttering cambric. So impressed were the senators with the calm self-possession of the women that they burst into applause and were rapped to order by the president.

Mrs. Emma Smith Devoe, state president of the suffagists and leader of the women's lobby, announced that a reception would be given this evening for the legislature. "It is fifteen years since a legislature has passed a woman suffrage bill," said Mrs. Devoe.

"In 1894 the legislature of Idaho voted to submit a constitutional amendment to the people, which was voted on two years later. Now that the bill has safely passed, I do not mind saying that it wasa difficult fight from the begining. The history of the movement on the Pacific coast this year has been two defeats and one victory. Ours was the victory. The woman's bill lost in Oregon and in California. A surffage bill was also defeated in the legislature of South Dakota this winter.

"We have had some splendid workers in Olympia this winter. Every legislator with whom I have spoken has praised the manner of conducting the campaign and the intelligent, tactful manner of the women who have urged support of the bill. I believe it is true that we have shown the new type of womanhood at the capital this winter."

The constitutional amendment proposed by the bill will be voted upon by the electors of the state at the next general election, two years hence.

EXTENSIVE PLANS FOR THE BEAUTIFYING OF SPOKANE

Spokane, Feb. 20.—Aubrey Lee White, president of the city park commission and civic beauty exponent, has plans to establish 27 playgrounds, one in the immediate vicinity of every public school in Spokane. In connection with these there will be shower baths and other modern features. The commission plans to expend $1,000,000 on playgrounds, parks and a civic center, with assembly halls and branch libraries.

The city will have more than 2,980 acres of land before the end of the year and it is planned to develop this to rank with the foremost in the country. Most of the land was donated to the commission. The civic center will be at the intersection of Riverside avenue and Monroe street, overlooking Spokane Falls, in the heart of the business district. The commission is also making plans for other improvements in various parts of Spokane. The city charter is now being revised to give the commission jurisdiction over all residential streets.

Will Not Open Portland Gateway

Portland, Or., Feb. 20.—The Northern Pacific railway has no intention of opening the "Portland gateway," as requested by the citizens of this city in a petition to the ocffiials of that road some weeks ago. The information that the gateway would not be opened came in a letter from President Elliott to the Chamber of Commerce.

Cabinet Places Decided

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—J. M. Dickinson, of Tennessee, will be secretary of war in the Taft cabinet. Charles Nagel, of St. Louis, will be Mr. Taft's sercetary of commerce and labor, and R. A. Ballinger, of Seattle, will be secretary of the interior. The statement is not made upon the announcement of Mr. Taft, but its correctness may be accepted without question.

SAVE MONEY TO STATE

SLAYDEN HAS BILL TO PROMOTE ECONOMY IN BUYING.

Would Empower Board of Control to Purchase All Supplies for Public Use—Claimed Plan Would Save a Hundred Thousand Annually.

Olympia, Feb. 20.—Although there have been no direct charges of extravagance, it is the belief of many of the legislators, headed by Mr. Slayden of Pierce county, in the house that the state could be saved a large sum of money by the adoption of new methods in the various departments and state institutions.

Mr. Slayden now has under consideration a plan which he will embody in a bill to be introduced in a few days which the says will save the taxpayers of the state nearly $100,000 if the legislature sees fit to enact it into law. He believes that with the practice of economy and the installation of new system that there would be no more deficiencies and that the state institutions and offices could be conducted, with less money than at the present time.

The first proposition is to enlarge the power of the state board of control by giving it the right to purchase all supplies needed in the various institutions and departments. Mr. Slayden points out that there is a great amount of property now on hand that could be used. citing for instance, the case of the stee lihning purchased for the state auditor's office when a lining very similar was being kicked around the basement.

Changes in the heads of the various departments, he says, generally means an extra expenditure. The board of control keeps a record of everything under its control and the danger of duplication and unnecessary buying would be greatly lessened. Mr. Slayden says that by centering the purcrhasing power for the these supplies in the board of control would mean a saving of from $40,000 to $50,000.

Economy Imperative

Along the same line of economy Mr. Slayden today introduced a bill providing for the placing of the state library and public documents under the managements and control of the state law library, which, he declares, will save the state from $15,000 to $18,000.

There is an unusually heavy demand for appropriations this year and the members of the committee on appropriations in the house and senate declare the ax must be swung vigorously in every direction. Any plan, such as proposed by Mr. Slayden, to keep down the expenses, is looked upon with favor by the members of the committees.

NOTED EDITORS INDICTED FOR PANAMA CHARGES

Washington, Feb. 18.—The grand jury of the District of Columbia has retuned indictments against the owners and responsible editors of the New York World and the Indianapolis News, charging criminal libel on account of articles alleging that there was improper dealing in the purchase of the canal.

One indictment with five counts is directed against the New York World, naming Joseph Pulitzer, the owner and editor-in-chief, Caleb Van Hamm, the managing editor and Robert H. Lyman.

Another indictment, with seven counts, was returned against the Indianapolis News, Naming Delavan Smith, the editor-in-chief and Chas. R. Williams. The articles complained of referred to President Roosevelt, former Secretary of State Root, Charles P. Taft, William Nelson Cromwell and Douglas Robinson, brother-in-law of the president.

The stories were published during the campaign last fall, and after election they drew from Roosevelt a very vigorous reply, in which he denounced the statements as utterly untrue, and it was at his direction that the grand jury was ordered to take up the case.

The case will unquestionably be fought at every turn and it probably will become an historic action.

Million Spent to Abate Smoke

Helena, Mont., Feb. 20.—The celebrated smoke case, so-called, has been resumed in the federal court here. Witnesses for the copper company explained that numerous experiments were now in progress and they were more than hopeful of results. Included in these experiments is the tallest smokestack in the world at the company's Great Falls smelter, which alone cost several hundred thousand dollars. A friction flue dust process and other inventiions bring the cost of these experiments up beyond the million dollar mark.

Oregon Legislature Concludes Labors

Salem, Or., Feb. 22.—The Oregon legislature adjourned sine die Saturday night. Appropriation bills carriyng $4,200,000 were passed. Among the notable measures passed was a bill providing for the steriliaztion of the criminal insane and the Bean bill taxing public service corporations on their capitalized net earnings, which is expected to add at least $25,000,000 to the assessable property of the satte and bring in a revenue in excess of $250,000 yearly.

LEGISLATIVE RECORD

FIFTY BILLS PASSED HOUSE OR SENATE LAST WEEK.

All Record's Broken for Introduction of Measures, but Many Will Never Be Acted On—Some of the Measures Passed Were Important.

Olympia, Feb. 20.—The legislature went to work with a vengeance the past week and accomplished more work than in all the preceding weeks of the Eleventh session. In the house the most activity was displayed, the general grind of the work being retarded in the senate by a two days fight over local option.

Fifty bills were passed by the two branches, the house being credited with 28 and the senate 22. The lower house sent 21 pet measures of various members to the graveyard by the indefinite postponement route. The senate was more considerate, recommending only five bills for indefinite postponement. The house has 366 bills on file and the senate 297.

For the introduction of bills this legislature will break all records. Under a rule passed early in the session, February 23 is the "dead line" for iontroduction. By a majority vote, however, the time can be extended. As a result of this ruling, there has been a general rush for the last few days to get bills on file before the fatal day. Monday being a holiday no doubt Tuesdsay will witness the introduction of one of the largest numbers of bills during any one day of the session.

Only two bills have been signed this week by Acting Governor Hay. There are, however, other bills on his desk for action

Some Important Bills Acted Upon

Early in the week the house passed the Ghent bill, providing for an eight-hour law for women in mechanical and mercantile establishments and restaurants, hotels and laundries. A strong fight was made to kill it and the opposition did succeed in defeating it once, only to have it brought back again and passed. Sims, who early opposed this bill, supported it on condition that the friends of labor would support his bill providing that women working in canneries could labor ten hours. Palmer amended this in such a way that it gives the employer the right to keep his help at work as long as he desires.

Buchanan's employers' liability bill was also given a second trial, but both times it lacked a constitutional majority. There is a similar bill now before the senate, although more drastic. It is likely that a good many of its teeth will be drawn before it gets through either branch of the legislature.

Tuesday is the day set for the reconvening of the legislature and there is little prospect of much being accomplished because of the local option fight, which is scheduled to open in the house eihter Tuesday or Wednesday. The substitute bill is now before the public morals committee and will probably be reported out Tuesday or Wednesday. The "drys" are determined to kill it, while the supporters of the bill are equally determined to pass it with amendments

The two bills signed by the governor provide for a seventh judge for King county and for the sale of grain sacks made in the Walla Walla penitentiary.

HOUSE LEADERS OFFER CONCESSIONS TO INSURGENTS

Washington, Feb. 22.—Apparently the house committee on rules, of which the speaker is chairman, has offered the olive branch to the insurgents, and it is said the fight for changes in the rules of the house will be compromised. The conservative element of the insurgent forces, who have confined their efforts to getting a "calendar Tuesday," or one day in the week for the consideration of bills on the house and united calendars, was given a hearing by the rules committee Saturday.

It is understood the committee presented a substitute embodying the main features of the resolutions presented by the eight insurgents who proposed to amend the rules so that the members of the house would be able to obtain recognition on the floor without the necessity of arranging with the speaker beforehand. The rule providing for a "calendar Tuesday," it is said by the insurgents, would do away with this difficulty.

WORLD'S CONFERENCE ON RESOURCE CONSERVATION

Washington, Feb. 23.—President Roosevelt has announced that a call will be issued at once for a world's conference on the conservation of natural resources to be held at The Hague next September. The forty-five nations represented at The Hague will be invited to participate.

Canada Admits Horses

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 22.—The Canadian government has made a further modicfiation of the live animal quarantine established in consequence of an outbreak of foot and mouth disease in United States. An order has been made by which horses may be brought to Canada from any part of the United States. The quarantine is still continued against all other livestock.

COMMISSION PLAN

COMMERCE AND LABOR DEPARTMENT HAS BEEN INQUIRING

City Governments of Galveston, Dallas and Des Moines Given Partieular Attention—Conclusion Is That Commission Plan Is Better Than Old Way.

Washington, Feb. 20—The problems of city government, brougth so prominently to the front by the failure of congress in administering the affairs of the District of Columbia, have caused an investigation by agents of the department of commerce and labor of the so-called plan of "commission government" Particular studies have been made of the Galveston and Dallas, Texas, and Des Moines, Iowa, plans of government.

The reports show that there is a marked difference between the Galveston plan and that adopted by cities like Dallas and Des Moines. The former was the pioneer of the commission idea of city government, but it lacks some of the features which have since been found to be advisable. All are alike in concentrating the functions of government in the hannds of four commissioners and a mayor These five men have the power to levy taxes, make estimates, appropriate the funds according to estimates, and then to spend the money.

After seven years' trial Galveston finds the form of commission government an entire success. Although the commission goes before the people in that city every two years for re-election, the same men are serving as commissioners now who first went into office. Every two years the people of Galveston indicate by their votes confidence in the administration of their commission.

Meantime city improvements in the way of pavements, grade raising, sewers, lights, water and fire apparatus have been carried on in an entirely satisfactory manner, while the city's debt has been decerased. When the commission took over the government the city was bankrupt and there was a floating indebtedness. The city's credit was so poor that it was impossible to raise money even to pay the salaries of the aldermen. Now the city can borrow money at par and its securities are in demand in all Eastern money markets.

When Dallas, Fort Worth, Des Moines and other cities interested in this movement investigated the Galveston plan they found what they regarded as one serious defect. There was no check on the power of the commission except the possibility of voting its members out of office once in two years. If one commissioner or all the commissioners determined to betray the people during those two years, no restraint could be placed upon them. If public franchises were to be granted, a commission like that of Galveston could turn over these franchises to favored parties on any terms it might desire.

Accordingly, Des Moines, Dallas and the other imitators of the Galveston commission plan added what amounts to the referendum and recall. Important franchises, before they become effective, must be ratified by a majority vote of the citizens. A mayor or a commissioner who, during the term of his office, fails to give satisfaction may be "recalled." That is, upon the petition of a certain per cent of the city's voters a general election must be called and he must go before the people. If he fails to secure a necessary majority of their votes he is out of office. Another man is voted in to take his place.

The working of the commission plan of government in these cities of secondary size has been all that could be desired. Its first effect has been the abolition of graft and the party spoils system. City administration is reduced to the business of a corporation. The main thing, however, which is accomplished by this plan is the fixing and concentration of responsibility. Every man, woman and child in these cities knows who is responsible for every particular function of the city government.

They know which commissioner has charge of the police; which the streets and alley cleaning department; which the lights and which the finances. If anything is wrong in any of these departments the responsibility is on one man. He cannot take refuge under the plea that the city council has not supplied the money. He cannot send a complainant to some co-ordinate bureau.

The same man levies assessments, makes appropriations and accounts for the manner in which the money is used. He must show results or he must convince the public that he has a good excuse. If he fails to do one or the other he loses his place.

The first thing noticeable in a city administered under this Des Moines commission plan is the responsiveness of the city government to the public thought. What the people want they get. If they will agree to an increase of taxes they can have more money for public doings. If they want money spent on cleaning streets they get it. If it is the desire of the majority that the city own its gas plant or its water works, that is what happens. The system is entirely responsive to the majority will. In other words, it is purely democratic

PANAMA RAILROAD MAY FIX TRANSCONTINENTAL RATES

Washington, Feb. 20.—It is stated that leading officials of the administration have a plan by which they hope to effect some reduction of the transcontinental rates now charged by the trunk line railroads. This plan will be disclosed at a meeting of the directors of the Panama Railroad company. It contemplates a definite lowering of railroad rates across the isthmus of Pannama to such an extent as to compel the all-rail routes across the United States to meet the reduction. It seems that the administration has been informed that the present trunk line rates are excessive and can well be lowered without injury to the railroads The suggestion is credited to the innterstate commerce commission.

Until now, the Panama Railroad company has maintained rates which bear direct relation to those charged by the transcontinental rail routes in this country. The Panama rates were raised or lowered in direct proportion to the fluctuations in the United States. For some reason increases of rates in the states effective January 1 did not result in a proportionate increase by the Panama railroad. The effect of this, it is understood, was felt at once in an increased traffic across the isthmus.

The administration is understood to have strong support of big jobbers and shippers of San Francisco, who promise that if lower rates are offered by the Panama railroad they will not only offer large tonnage by that route, but will make immediate shipments.

It will also be stated at that meeting that far Western capital can readily be enlisted in the establishment of steamships from Pacific coast ports to the isthmus. The interest of President-elect Taft in the proposition to establish a government line of steamships between San Francisco and Panama is well known.

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS TO BE CALLED FOR MARCH 15

Washington, Feb. 18.—The extra session of congress will be convened on March 15. This date was definitely settled yesterday and President-elect Taft authorized the announcement. Formal announcement of the date was made by Republican Floor Leader Sereno E. Payne, of New York, at 11:30 o'clock, for the information of the house.

The date for the extra session, called for the purpose of tariff revision, was fixed at a conference between Mr. Taft, Senator Aldrich and Speaker Cannon.

As an indication of the probable length of the etxra session, Senator Frye, of Maine, has written to friends at home that he expects to have to remain in Washington all summer. The senator is an enthusiastic fisherman, but he has already cancelled his contract for his annual summer camp on Mooselookmeguntick lake.

ENGINEERS UNANIMOUS FOR PRESENT CANAL PLAN

Washington, Feb. 20.—Colonel Geo. W. Goethals, chairman of the isthmian canal commission, and the members of the board of engineers appointed by President Roosevelt, who went to Panama with President-elect Taft, have returned to Washington. The board will report unanimously in favor of the lock plan. Col. Goethals said:

"I repeat what I said to you a year ago, and that is that the canal will be completed and ships will be traversing it by February 1, 1915. Work on the waterway is going ahead splendidly.

In my judgment the character of the canal to be built has not changed in the least. The most acceptable plan is that of the lock canal, which is that now under construction.

Any danger of ships bumping into the gates or other parts of the locks, about which some apprehension has been expressed, will be entirely averted by electrical devices by which the vessels will be kept under control at all times.

PRICE OF PRISON SACKS 6.2 CENTS THIS YEAR

The state board of control has fixed the prices of grain bags manufactured this year at the Walla Walla prison at 6.2 cents each for wheat sacks and 7.5 each for oat sacks.

The apportionment of bags to the counties follows: Garfield, 136,000; Columbia, 166,000; Walla Walla, 278,000; Whitman, 666,400; Spokane, 102,000; Adams, 241,000; Douglas, 161,160; Franklin, 40,800; Benton, 11,880; Klickitat, 51,000; Yakima, 380,00; Asotin, 54,000; Lincoln, 275,740; Skagit, 110,000.

After April 1, the sacks not apportioned may be sold to any farmer or oyster grower under the new law at the price named.

PACIFIC COAST PROBABLY WILL GET HALF OF NAVY

Washington, Feb. 18.—One half of the United States navy should be kept on the Pacific coast at all times, in the opinion of the senate. An amendment to the naval bill was agreed to providing that in the discretion of the president, one-half the navy shall be kept in Pacific waters, so far as practicable. The president already has the authority to so divide the fleet, but the amennd ment amounts to an expression of congress in favor of such action.

Carroll D. Wright Passes On

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 22.—Carroll D. Wright, president of Clark college and ex-commissioner of labor, died Saturday night, aged 69 years. President Wright has been in ill health for two years, but not until recently was he confined to his bed.

ROOSEVELT REBUKED

SENATORS CONDEMN INACTION IN STEEL TRUST AFFAIR.

Sub-Committee Says Sherman Law Was Violated By Absorption of Tennessee Coal and Iron. President Had No Authority to Stop Prosecution.

Washington, Feb. 22.—By a vote of 3 to 2 the sub-committee of the senate committee on judiciary, which has been investigating the merger of the Tennessee Coal & Iron company and the Unietd States Steel Corporation, Saturday decided to report to the full committee that the president was not authorized to permit the absorption.

The committee found also that President Roosevelt was equally unauthorized to direct the attorney general not to interfere in the merger and not to enforce the federal statutes against it. It was decided also that as both concerns were engaged in interstate commerce the absorption was in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. It was found that the effect and purpose of the absorption were to monopolize the iron ore supply of the country and generally to eliminate the Tennessee company as a competitor of the United States Steel Corporation.

The fact that such a report was to be made created consternation in the senate. It was realized that if the full committee subscribes to the findings of the sub-committee the effect would be to administer the severest of rebukes toPresident Roosevelt and practically to direct the attorney general to bring proceedings against the steel corporation under the Sherman law.

Committee Will Go Slow

Leaders in the senate make no secret of the fact that they are willing to go that far. Under these circumstances the full committee probably will decide to consider very carefully the possible effect of the report before deciding to adopt it. The report acted upon was drafted by Senator Culberson, author of the resolution providing for the inquiry.

The inquiry was conducted by a subcommittee of five, Messrs. Clarke, of Wyoming, Dillingham, Kittredge, Culberson and Overman. The first three of these are Republicans and the last two Democrats. Senator Kittredge joined with the two Democrats in making the report. No minority report was made by Senators Clarke and Dillingham. The sub-committee decided not to make the text of its report public, although the interest in it was so great that the findings became known to practically the entire senate during the afternoon.

Findings of Fact.

In addition to the findings of law, the committee reported on many questions of fact connected with the merger. It was found that during the panic days of November, 1907, the United States Steel Corporation purchased all the stock of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, except $220,000, the amount of stock acquired being $30,375,825. It is shown that only $632,656 in cash was paid for the stock and that the bonds of the steel corporation were issued to the amount of $34,684,978, or nearly $5,000,000 in excess of the par value of the Tennessee copmany's stock purchased.

The report quotes from the president's message declaring the absorption was necessary according to the representations to him by Judge Gary and H. C. Frick, on behalf of the steel corporation, as a certain business firm of real importance in New York would undoubtedly fail unless the deal could be made. From testimony of a number of witnesses the report declares that the firm of Moore & Schley, stock brokers of New York, was the one referred to by Messrs. Gary and Frick. This is the concern which managed the affairs of a party of financiers who bought a majority of the stock of the Tennessee company and held it until November, 1907.

Banks Pressed Stock Loans

It is asseretd by the report that banks in New York, some of them known as Morgan banks, pressed the loans on Tennesse Coal company stock vigorously and that these demands were met successfully until, fearful of the result on account of the business uneasiness in regard to the Tennessee stock, terms were made with the steel corporation. It is asserted hatt the syndicate did not wish to sell its stock but was forced to do so.

Sarcastic references were made to the reported statement of Judge Gary and Mr. Frick in their interview with the president that they did not want to buy the Tennessee concern. From the testimony it is asserted that the Tennessee property is worth probably several hundred million dollars and would give the steel corporation ultimate control of the iron ore supply of the country and the ironand steel trade of the South.

It is asserted by the committee that whatever may be the supposed emergency no discretion is lodged in the president as to the enforcement of the law It was found in the opinion of the majority of the sub-committee that the president's communication to Attorney General Bonaparte was in effect a direction not to interfere with the merger. It was pointed out that under the federal constitution the president is one of the officers who is expressly enjoined to "take oath that the laws be faithfully executed."

Note and Comment

J. Pierpont Morgan's $10,250 Bible contains no more religion than the plain $1.25 edition.

London is to have a theater in memory of Shakespeare. All theaters are memorials of Shakespeare.

It is significant that no coal dealers or ice men have joined the Cleveland movement to live as Christ would.

There are now 250,000 words in the English language, hence it is strange it takes the ladies so long to say goodbye to one another?

A California woman has been given a divorce because her husband would not speak to her. Probably he never had a fair chance.

Ten years for counterfeiting a $5 bill is two years for each dollar. It is lucky for the crook that he did not dabble in bad twenties.

A man is charged with stealing an otter cap on a train, which will, of course, induce every bright wit to point out that he otter reform.

A college professor thinks Americans of the future will have black eyes. If the habit of calling one another liars isn't stopped he may be right.

A New York woman demands $50,000 for the loss of her husband's affection. It seems to us that this is bulling the New York love market.

If man really is descended from the hog we expect some fiendish misanthrope to take up the stockyards cry that "There's nothing lost but the squeal."

Prof. Percival Lowell has discovered water vapor on Mars. Many Americans whose wells were dry last summer and are staying dry under the snow will envy the Martians.

Forty magazines of general interest describe themselves as "total abstainers" as far as their advertising pages go. The dryness, fortunately, does not extend to the rest of the contents.

The United States is taking on a few governors these days who try to make themselves believe they are presidential size. They will know more about it when they have governed a while.

The naval board of construction has prepared plans for three 26,000-ton battle ships. Ten years ago 12,000-ton battle ships were considered enormous. What nation will be the first to launch the 50,000-ton floating fort?

It is explained that grand opera cannot be made to pay because the grand opera singers insist on having salaries that are too high. A sad feature of the case lies in the fact that the pauper grand opera singers of Europe demand even higher salaries than our native singers are able to draw.

On December 21 the exact moment when the sun turned north in its course was flashed over the wires from the United States Naval Observatory in Washington to all telegraph points in Alaska. Summer is so short in the far north that it doubtless comforts the people there to know that it is "a-comin' in" the moment the solar tide sets in their favor.

Perhaps there would be fewer assassinations if there were a stronger probability that a murderer would be hanged. It might even be sufficient to make a long term in the penitentiary sure. Whatever may be said about the death penalty, the certainty of severe punishment would probably discourage the taking of human life. At any rate, it would be worth while to make a thorough test of this.

Professor Ferrero, the Italian historian, who has been giving lectures on Rome in Boston, says that America is a truer heir of the Roman Republic than any European nation; that Rome taught the world the principles of commonwealth on a large scale, which only the United States is vast enough to realize. Dr. Ferrero is not pessimistic enough to press the parallel to uncomfortable conclusions, but he sees in our imperialism, our wealth and our power some resemblance to a grandeur that declined, although it never died.

For a number of years an effort has been made from time to time to increase the President's salary from $50,000 to $100,000. The salary has stood at its present figure since the '70s, and the generation that has passed has, as every one knows, witnessed such a change in the requirements for living that old incomes will no longer suffice. In official station, where there is no escaping to a simple life, the pressure is more serious than elsewhere. Of course the President's household is far from being confined to what $50,000 a year will procure, even as the case now stands. In lieu of increasing his pay many items of expenditure which might have been charged to him have been specially provided for by Congress. In part the Government pays for the presidential stables and in part for the upkeep of the White House. The $50,000 a year is merely what passes through the President's own private purse. The Senate finance committee has reported favorably a bill for increasing the salary to $100,000, and it seems probable that the increase will be made in one of the regular appropriation bills at the present session of Congress, so that President-to-be Taft can get the benefit of it. There should be no opposition to legislation so manifestly just and desirable.

The editor of the Popular Science Monthly asserts that women teachers are the bane of the country's schools. Boys, he says, get but little good from the teaching of women and turn away from it when they can. The girls, although they "need men teachers even more than the boys," naturally remain longer under feminine tuition. "The ultimate result of letting the celibate female be the usual teacher," he continues, "has been such as to make it a question whether it would not be an advantage to the country if the whole school plant could be scraped." And he ungallantly refers to the woman teacher as "a spinster, devitalized and unsexed." The characterization of the teacher as "a spinster, devitalized and unsexed" is as far from accurate portraiture as anything can be. It is a gross caricature of a body of intelligent, patient, conscientious womanly women who are discharging a function for which they are eminently fitted. To be a spinster, it should hardly be necessary to say, does not imply that a woman is devitalized or unsexed. We do not have to go to any magazine editor for light upon that point. The woman teacher is here and she will stay here. Her right to a place in the schools is based on the possession of special talent for the work. The proper education of children up to 14 or 15 years of age is a task requiring more than mere scholarship and theory. It requires a tact, a patience and a capacity to adapt oneself to the individual bent of the child that are as rare in men as common in women. These qualities make women pre-eminently fitted for the instruction of the younger grades. They will certainly not be found superfluous in the higher ones. Woman's place is further assured by the fact that men in sufficient numbers cannot be got to do the work—particularly with young children. They lack the maternal instinct which makes the task agreeable to women. The fact that men avoid that particular work to so great an extent is as much a result of an instinctive recognition of their unfitness for it as of an objection to the smallness of the compensation. The country has nothing to fear from this recent bugaboo of the "feminization of the schools." "Half of life is conduct," and on the "conduct" side of education the woman's influence is invulnerable. On the strictly intellectual side her efforts and influence are judicious and effective. Too many great men have proclaimed their lasting debt to the training of their mothers to permit us to believe that woman loses her characteristic mental aptitudes on merely crossing the threshold of a school.

PRETTY WIDOW ACQUITTED.

Her Diplomatic Answer Won the Jury at Once.

Mrs. Grace West, a pretty little widow, was acquitted in Mercer Court, in Trenton, the other day after she had told an amusing love story in which the chief hero was Albert Wetzel, a crusty old widower, says the New York World. Mr. Wetzel told the jury, which for the most part was composed of widowers and bachelors, that the widow had been entertaining the butcher, the grocer, the iceman and the coal man in her home, and that the entertainments resulted frequently in disorder.

When Mrs. West had her inning she told the jurors in a sweet, plaintive voice that Wetzel had tried to play Romeo to her Juliet. He would play a violin under her window late at night and then in a loud voice would shout his proposal to her to come down and flee with him. On several occasions Mrs. West told him she had on experience in matrimony and that was enough. Wetzel insisted, and when the widow locked the front doors to keep him out, he bored a hole in the fence in the rear, being too old to climb over it.

"Oh, dear, won't you wed me? My life is a hell without you," was Wetzel's last proposal to her, Mrs. West said. During the trial she was asked just how handsome she thought Wetzel was. She replied that she did not think him half as handsome as any of the men in the jury box. Her acquittal followed a few moments later.

All Equipped.

"No, my daughter, I will not consent to your engagement to a book peddler who doesn't know what he is going to do for a success in life."

"Oh, father, you are mistaken. His career is all mapped out."

"How do you know that?"

"Why, doesn't he sell school atlases?"—Baltimore American.

Disappointed.

"What's the matter with Brown? He looks disappointed."

"He is. After working for three years to land a political job he finally succeeded. The disappointment is due to the fact that connected with the position is work he will be expected to do."—Detroit Free Press.

A Plodder.

"Did your daughter marry the genius to whom she was engaged?"

"Nope, I made her shake him and marry a man that could earn a living for her."—Houston Post.

SOMETHING FOR EVERYBODY

Cement is used for roofing in France, especially near Lyons.

The area covered by the national capitol is 153,112 square feet.

The last edition of the New oYrk telephone book weighed 2,000 tons.

Under ordinary circumstances, the life of a wooden boat is four times that of steel.

Another woman has been elected to the Colorado Legislature. About a dozen women have served there before her.

"In the matter of drinking," mused the philosopher with the impressionistic nose, "be sure you are right and you won't get a head."—Philadelphia Record.

One of the most destructive as well as one of the most offensive pests that afflict the planters of India is the red cotton bug. The insect has been reported as a cotton pest from every part of the country. Its presence is detected by the offensive odor.

Hithereto the population of Japanese towns of the empire as a whole has been estimated from the official records of births and deaths and other documents, but it has now been arranged to make a municipal house to house investigation, commencing at Kobe.

Guam, which is one of the most uninviting of our possessions, will be equipped with an experimental station through the means of which its resources will be investigated and encouraged. Dr. W. H. Evans, of the office of experiment stations, has visited the island and selected a site for the station at Agana. The station will be conducted under the immediate supervision of the office, with H. L. V. Costenoble as an agent in charge.

Lord Lyveden is an ardent peerage reformer and tells this anecdote: A famous statesman of the nineteenth century was called upon to visit his son in prison. He bitterly reproached him, remarking: "Here am I, having worked my way up from a middle class home to a great position, and when I die you will be the greatest blackguard in the peerage." The son listened quietly, and then replied, with terrible irony: "Yes—when you die."

It is customary in Spain when an infant first begins to notice things to place before it a silver coin, a sword, a silver cross, a book and some fruit. The object to which the child stretches his hand indicates, according to accepted belief, his future vocation. The coin is for commerce, the sword for the army, the cross and the book respectively point to the church and the law or learning, while the fruit denotes a farmer or landowner.—The Englishman.

The Woman Suffrage Association of New Jersey recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of Lucy Stone letting her household goods, including her baby's cradle, be sold for taxes in Orange as a protest against taxation without representation. The suffragists say that this was the first instance in the world of a woman refusing to pay taxes for this reason. Since then there have been many similar instances. The last and most notable perhaps was the case of Lady Steel, who let her goods be sold at auction in Edinburg, Scotland.

Lowry is a man with a moderate income and one child, whom he is already sending to a French master, who is accustomed to be paid every Monday. Recently Lowry sent Henry to his lesson without the usual bank note. That evening the father looked over the boy exercise, and this is what he found Henry doing his best to put into Parisian French: "I have no money. The week is up. Have you no money? Has your father no money? I need money. What is the day of the week? The day of the week is Monday. Does your father know the day of the week?"

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe is getting more eloquent as her years increase, her friends declare. She is now nearly ninety, and the other day at a reception given her in Boston made what her friends say was the finest speech her life. She said that when she began to talk about woman suffrage she never know when to stop. "It was my good fortune to get interested in the suffrage question about the time the negro men obtained their freedom," Mrs. Howe said. "Then for the first time I saw the whole of one sex governed by the whole of the other. This seemed to me an intolerable tyranny. I couldn't help but think that after we had held the door open for the negro we might at least have been allowed to go in with him."

A scheme is being arranged for the protection of the manlike apes in the German colonies of equatorial Africa. It is proposed in the first place that the shooting of these creatures should be strictly prohibited and steps taken for their protection. In connection with this it is proposed to establish in the Cameroons a special reserve for the fauna of the equatorial forest generally. This reserve would include a zoological tropical station, with gardens attached, in which attention would be especially directed to the protection and rearing of the anthropoid apes and other denizens of the forest zone. The scheme would likewise include the study of the fresh water fauna of the tropics generally as well as the investigation and cure of tropical diseases. The establishment of a marine zoological station in East Africa and a (perhaps movable) fresh water station on the Great Lakes likewise forms a part of the project.—London Field.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

Made from cream of tartar derived solely from grapes, the most delicious and healthful of all fruit acids.

— THE —

OLYMPIC = LEADER

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER

Subscription Price $1 per year.

Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1909

The legislature took its usual over Sunday recess last week, notwithstanding that the time is rapidly drawing to a close when that body will be able to draw salaries and make laws. With an immense amount of business on hand—651 bills before the legislature—and the end of the session only two weeks off, an adjournment was taken last Thursday until Tuesday of this week. Adjournment has been taken every Friday of the session until Monday, until last week, when adjournment was taken from Thursday until Tuesday, as above stated. More than six weeks have passed and but little important business has been attended to. At this writing the local option bill, the criminal code, the military code, good roads bills, and other measures of importance are still pending.

Railroads are a good barometer of the business condition of the country," says W W. Broughton, General Traffic Manager of the Great Northern Railway, in Seattle on a trip of inspection, "and the recent increase in shipments of lumber and shingles is one of the most encouraging features of business activity we have noticed in some months. This is the quiet period of the year, as a rule, for moving building material, yet our shipments are increasing rapidly. When the lumber industries in the Northwest are running in full blast, it is safe to say that prosperity in other lines is not far away.

"A town is judged by its newspapers, much as a man is sized up by his clothes," says the South Bend Pilot. "The whole community is thus a partner in its journalistic enterprises. If you want your city to put its best foot forward, give the home paper the support it needs to keep on expanding and growing more attractive."

An Ontario judge has just decided that a man has no more right to raise his hand in anger against his wife than he has to chastise any other woman. Surely the "world do move."

The Nichols local option bill passed by the Senate last Thursday, is an unreasonable measure, and fairminded people who believe in a reasonable local option law will have no use for it. The Senate bill, like the Anti-saloon League bill passed by the house, represents but one side of the issue, one class of people—the extremists. The Senate bill provides that the units will be cities and incorporated towns and election precincts practically of no value from any standpoint. An effort will be made to draft a law that can be accepted by both sides, by the saloon men as well as by the temperance people. It is always well to go a little slow in enacting new laws, especially laws of the class that would cause such a radical change in a community as would a drastic anti saloon law in the state of Washington at the present time. Governor Cosgrove furnished the needed definition of the word "reasonable" in connection with local option, on the occasion of his inauguration when he said that a law should be enacted that would be fair to the men who manage the saloons and to the people who do not want them." That seems to sum up the whole matter. But, up to date, there seems to be a class who really want the fulfillment of the pledge of the Republican platform for the enactment of a resonable local option law, and another class equally as persistent, that wants a law that will not be harmful to the saloon interests. Of course any law that attempts to place closer restrictions over a business that exists only through police surveillance will be harmful to that business in a certain degree. This the saloon men must expect. What is really wanted is a law that will furnish the people of any given community the power to say whether or no the saloon shall exist in that community. It is always an easy matter to secure signers to a petition. A man will sign a paper to get rid of being importuned to do so, to please a friend, or without duly considering its purport, with the thought that one signature does not amount to much any way. It matters not whether the petition for a saloon be signed by 35 or 45 per cent of the voters of the unit, or by 65 per cent of the voters of the county and by 52 per cent of the voters of the precinct in which it is proposed to establish a saloon, as under the Mulct law in Iowa. It is the principle behind the proposition—let the majority rule—that should govern. A principle for which our forefathers fought and died, the great perogative of American liberty.

Wanted, all kinds of repair work at the Gate City Machine Shop; we guarantee all our work, prices reasonable.

The Port Townsend Call sums up the judicial situation in this district concisely as follows:

"From persons but lately returned from Olympia, it is learned that owing to the congestion of business it is more than probable that the bill dividing this judicial district will be buried in the slough of oblivion, and thus those who, in this county as well as the other three affected by the proposition, who have been playing politics for all it is worth in the effort to land somewhere, will be bitterly disappointed. Of course, it is possible that something may yet be attempted in the way of carving the present district, which is satisfactory to everybody but a few jobhunters, but it is regarded as doubtful if the measure can be reached in the present session. Added to a bitter fight in the most influential county affected by the proposed change, is the fact that the Jefferson and Clallam representatives cannot find a single person within their jurisdiction who will favor the proposed change, so it can readily be seen that no one will be found breaking his neck for the proposed measure.

This has been a fine winter for fruit, trees all seem to be set to the limit with strong healthy buds. Now if you will just go at it and prune them out some and give them a good spraying with lime and lye right now, the rain will wash that off more or less before spring, and take scale, moss, aphis eggs and fungi with it. Then just before the buds open spray with sulphur and lime and if the trees are infested with blight or fungi of any kind add some blue stone to the spray and thereby save an extra spraying for mildew fungi, etc. If your trees were infested last year with pear leaf blight, rust or black spot on fruit or foliage, take a circle of three or four feet around the tree and scrape away the dirt to the depth of about four inches, then put on a bucketful of ashes and a half bucket of lime and cover up with the dirt you scraped away. Your trees have the dyspepsia hence the black spots. The lime and ashes will neutralize the soil and aid digestion; lime and ashes are a benefit to any tree, sick or well.

Treat the cherry trees in the same way and you will have better and more fruit. If your cherry trees are bleeding, as we sometimes call it, cut away all the gum and decayed wood and bark, go right in to it until you come to live fresh wood, don't have any diseased bark even if you have to all but skin the tree. It is the only remedy and when you see a blister or black spot on the tree cut it away at once. Cover all wounds with orange shellac or grafting wax. Don't use oil paint on any live tree as the bark won't catch on it and cover the wound.

J. Madland.

Among the few really meritorious measures introduced in the legislature so far is the one prohibiting the burning of slashings next summer, between the first of June and the first of October, so that visitors to the Exposition may not be annoyed by the smoke and that the beauties of our mountain and forest scenery may not be hidden from view.

DON'T PUT OFF

until tomorrow what you can do today. If you are suffering from a torpid liver, or constipation, don't wait until tomorrow to get help Buy a bottle of Herbine and get that liver working right. Promptness about health saves many sick spells. Mrs. Ida Gresham, Point, Tex., writes: "I used Herbine in my family for six years, and find it does all it claims to do."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store

New Line of Chippewa

MEN'S LOGGERS

$4.25 to $6.50

Many Patterns and Styles in the new Oxfords for Men and Ladies, and are best makes

Repair Your Shoes

Our Repair Shop is fitted with all modern Facilities to do all kinds of Shoe Repairing. Old Shoes made to Look Like New

J. P. JENSEN SHOE STORE

REALTY TRANSFERS

Furnished by Brumfield & Ridenour Abstracts of Titles and Real Estate, Port Angeles, Wash.

John Knutsen to Iver Oleson, lot 17, blk. 380, Townsite, warranty, $1.

John Knutsen to Iver Oleson, lots 6, 7, blk. 386, Townsite, quitclaim, $1.

Iver Oleson to John Knutsen, ne qr of se qr, sec. 11, 30, 4, quitclaim $1.

Henry Kahn to Wm F Scmidtt, lots 2, 3, 18, 19, 20, blk. 33, Fogarty & Dolan's 1st Add, warranty, $10.

Port Angeles Townsite Imp. Co. to F B Lucas, lot 1, blk. 2, Illinois Add, warranty, $80.

Fredk Roberts to J A Reeve, lot 1, sec. 6, lot 1, sw qr nw qr, nw qr sw qr sec. 7, 30, 4, ne qr se qr sec. 12, 30, 5, warranty, $10.

J Quincy Adams to Merrill D Whittier, lots 2, 3, sec. 6, 30, 9, warranty, $500.

J B MacDougal to H M Fisher, lot 11, blk. 31, N R Smith's Sub, quitclaim, $1.

August C Illgen to Milwaukee Land Co., sw qr se qr, sec. 26, 29, 15, warranty, $100.

Bank of Clallam Co. to J A Epperson lots 13, 14, blk. 318, Townsite, warranty, $10.

T T Aldwell to J A Epperson, lots 11, 12, blk. 318, Townsite, warranty, $175.

S A Owen to C B McDonnell, lots 1 to 8, blk. 2, Nob Hill Add, warranty, $10.

County Treasurer to Herbert Baker, lots 9, 10, blk. 107, Townsite, tax deed.

C C Henry to Wm C Kerr, lot 15, blk. C, lot 13, blk. 120, Carter's Sub. quitclaim, $10.

Orir Mason et al to Christian Shaffmaster, et al, cedar timber on west half, ne qr, west half se qr, sec. 8, ne qr nw qr, sec. 17, 30, 7, timber sale.

Christian Shaffmaster to Edwin R Phinney, assignment of above contract.

Furs, furs, furs—Sell your furs to Jim Knight, the man you can trade with face to face.

The Port Angeles Grocery Company

PHONE 38

For All Days

3 lbs. Raisins 25 cts.

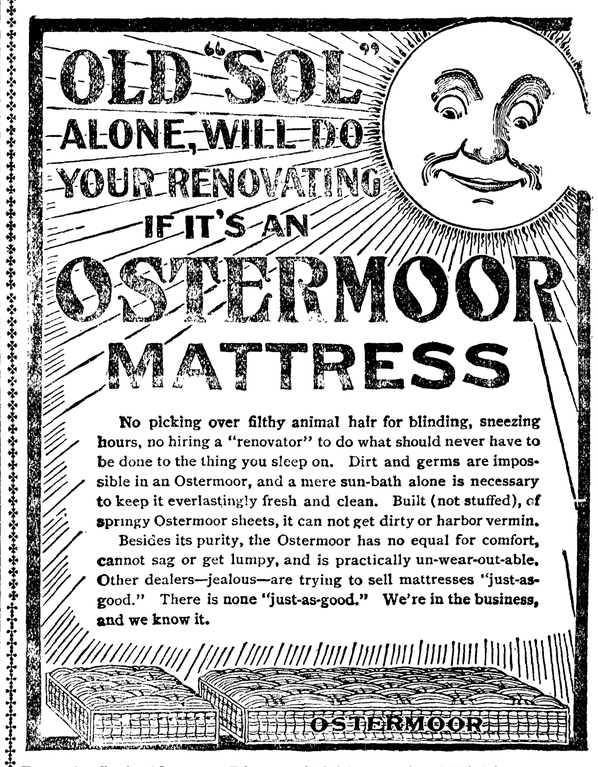
3 lbs. Currants 25 cts.

Not for One Day, but for All Days

Nice, Large, Dry Peaches, 3 pounds 25c.

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

PHONE 38



Best A. C. A. Narrow Blue and White Striped Ticking, 4 feet 6 inches wide, 45 lbs.,.....15.00

Ostermoor Special Dust Proof Satin Finish Ticking, 4 feet 6 inches wide, 45 lbs.,.....16.50

Beautiful Mercerized French Art Twill, in stripes and floral effects, all colors, 4 feet 3 in. wide, 45 lbs.,...18.00

R. D. WILLSON

HARDWARE CO.

No. 592.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

R. H. Prickett plaintiff, vs. F. J. Silva, F. P. Sylvia and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest estate in and to the hereinafter described real property.

State of Washington to F. J. Silva, F. P. Sylvia, and all persons unknown, if any, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff, R. H. Prickett, is the holder of delinquent tax certificate No. 2381, issued by the Treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lot five, section two, township twenty-nine north range thirteen west W M.

That said certificate was issued on the 20th day of July, 1907, for the sum of $4.37 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1904, 1905 & 1906; that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1907 th sum of $1.40; which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from date of said payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, to-wit: within sixty days after the 29th day of January, 1909, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interests; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

R. H. Prickett, Plaintiff.

Gee. Venable Smith, attorney for plaintiff, residence and P. O. address, Port Angeles, Washington.

First publication January 29, 1909.

SUMMONS.

No. 2421.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

F. E. Kalloch, plaintiff, vs. Linda E. Kalloch, defendant.

State of Washington:

To the said Linda R. Kalloch, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 5th day of February, 1909, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff at their offices below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

That the object of this action is to procure a decree of the above entitled court granting the plaintiff an absolute divorce from the said defendant.

Trumbull & Trumbull, Attorneys for the Plaintiff.

P. O. Address: Port Angeles, Clallam County, Wash.

Smoked and salt fish, Salt Mackeral, Salmon bellies, and canned fish at McDonnell and Sons.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Seattle, Wash., Feb. 24, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. G. Broughton of Port Angeles, Wash., who, on February 19, 1907, made Homestead entry, No. 19509 (Serial No. 01244), for Lots 6 and 7, E½ SW¼, Section 6, Township 29 N., Range 4 W., W. M., has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James Stewart, U.S. Commissioner, at Port Angeles, Wash., on the 17th day of April, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Grant Critchfield, Alfred Stevenson, Harvy D. Anderson, Henry c. Breckenridge. all of Port Angeles, Washington.

J. Henry Smith, Register

SUMMONS.

No. 2420.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Clallam County.

Mamie L Cain and John Cain, her husband, plaintiffs, vs August Biebusch, A. C. Trebus and Jane Doe Trebus, his wife, John Morrisey, as Administrator of the Estate of Adam Weidinger deceased, Louise Weidinger, Philip Weidinger, Lona Weidinger, Rose Weidinger, Barbara Traglauer, Johann Weidinger, Geo. Franz Weidinger and Appolonia Schirrmann, defendants.

The State of Washington:

To the said August Biebusch, A. C. Trebus and Jane Doe Trebus, his wife, John Morrisey, as Administrator of the Estate of Adam Weidinger, deceased, Louise Weidinger, Philip Weidinger, Lona Weidinger, Rose Weidinger, Barbara Tragler, Johann Weidinger, Geo. Franz Weidinger and Appolonia Schirrman, defendants.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 5th day of February, 1909, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for the plaintiff at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

That the object of this action is to obtain judgment upon a note given by the defendant August Biebusch to the plaintiff Mamie L. Cain in the sum of $750.00, and to foreclose a mortgage given to secure said note upon the following real estate, to-wit:

Lot eleven (11) in block two hundred ninety-seven (297); lot eleven (11) in block three hundred and eight (308); lots five (5) and sixteen (16) in block three hundred ninety-seven (397); lots eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block four hundred thirteen (413); lots fifteen (15), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17) in block four hundred thirty-one (431); lot eight (8) in block two hundred ninety-eight (298), lot seventeen (17) in block three hundred twenty-four (324); lots six (6) and seven (7) in block four hundred twelve (412); lot (5) in block four hundred thirty-two (432); lots ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12), and thirteen (13) in block four hundred fifty (450); all in the Government Townsite of the City of Port Angeles. Clallam County, Washington.

Trumbull & Trumbull, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

Address: Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington,

Try a can of French Peas at McDonnell and Sons.

E. E. HOPKINS
GROCERY CO.

Phone 33

Quality First

Just as there are firsts, seconds and thirds in salmon—and you know what the seconds and thirds are — so also are there cheap and inferior goods in every line. We don't handle them.

Our Prices are as Low as any made on First Class Goods

They cannot be sold for less. You may buy cheap articles to wear or use and when they do not give satisfaction the loss is one of money only. Not so with the food your family eats; the best is none too good. Its health and vigor vs. the saving of a few cents on cheap goods.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK

Pay for the best and get it.

THE
Candy Castle
2 West Front Street

The Place for Home Made Candies

HOT DRINKS

Beef Tea 10c : Chocolate 5c

HANNAH DONAHUE
Proprietress.

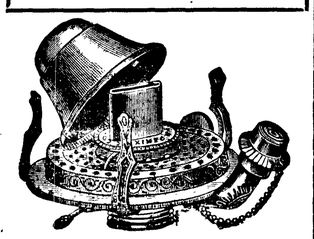
LEWIS LEVY

Real Estate Broker

City Property
Timber Lands
Ranches

Summer Homes on Scenic Lake Crescent

Cor. Front and Laurel,
Port Angeles, Wash.



The only safe and reliable Lamp Burner for oil lamps. Puts out the light when lamp turns over. Put out the flame with a lever. Will not smoke the chimney, and is reliable.

Selling Agents Wanted, apply to

TOM OLSON

Phone and Mail Orders given Prompt Attention. 'Phone L 186

P. J. WILLIAMS
The Old Reliable
JEWELER
WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALT

JAMES STEWART
Attorney at Law
Office on Front Street.
Port Angeles, Wash.

THE CITY NEWS

Bloaters, 6 for 25c at Fish Market.

GreenVegetables at McDonnell and Sons.

California Honey, 20c at Fish Market.

Bedroom furniture for sale. Inquire at the White House.

Try our smoked Salmon. City Fish Market.

Norwegian Sardines, 10 cents at Fish Market.

Kippered Salmon for luncheon at Fish Market.

See Baker & Son before buying a Bicycle. We have the agency for the Rambler.

Mrs. W. F. Delabarre will entertain her Sunday School class on next Wednesday afternoon.

Eggs for setting—Full blood Black Minorcas, 50 cents per dozen. New rooster. Mrs. Goerg, 6th and Albert.

Automobiles, sewing machines, phonographs, guns, and all kinds of mill machinery repaired at the Gate City Machine Shop.

"Preferred Stock" Corn, "Preferred Stock" Tomatoes, "Preferred Stock" Peas, "Preferred Stock" String Beans, each 15 cents per can—Seevers Cash Store Co.

Mrs. Genchel has commenced erection of a home on Fourth street, near Laurel, on the lot adjoining the D. B. Merrill home. Mrs. Genchel is the new reader at the Scientist Church.

Miss Annette Trumbull goes to Port Townsend today to meet with the joint committee in regard to the Clallam-Jefferson county school exhibit at the A.-Y.-P. Exposition next summer.

Church & Bowers added two fine teams to their livery stables last week, purchasing E. E. Day's spanking span of colts, together with his two seated rubber-tired surrey, also Dave Govan's team of fine draft horses, weighing 3600.

Game Warden Garfield Davis arrested Tony Fernandes this week for seining fish; being a mail carrier and likely to lose his contract if convicted, he was permitted to give bonds in the sum of twenty dollars, which, being forfeited, took the place of a fine.

Mr. Henry Richardson of Lincoln Heights, who was employed at Johnson's mill, Freshwater Bay, met with a very painful accident last week. In some unaccountable way, his clothes became caught in an operating shaft, and he was thrown in the air receiving several bad bruises, beside fracturing his right arm above the elbow. As soon as possible he was removed to the General Hospital here where his arm was set and bruises dressed. For a few days complications were feared, but at present he is resting very quietly and his attending physician contemplates a successful and speedy recovery.

The F. B. Carlisle Co. is putting out a neat little twenty page booklet, giving cultural directions for the planting of all kinds of vegetables and the proper amount of Wilgrow to use as a fertilizer for each; also the best method of planting young trees, preparing a lawn, and other useful information for the home owner. A copy of the booklet may be obtained at the office, opposite the Angeles Hotel. The Olympic-Leader is also getting out for Mr. Carlisle ten thousand copies of a booklet giving cultural directions for flowers, which will be most complete, listing practically every flower in cultivation, and Mr. Carlisle would be glad to place a copy of this, also, in the hands of every flower lover in the county.

The opening of the White House last Saturday was a pronounced success, many of the ladies of Angeles availing themselves of the opportunity to inspect the really excellent line of goods carried in stock by Mrs. Sweeny. The sales room presented a very neat appearance in its dress of white and gold. The walls, counters, shelving, cabinets, show cases, and even the large mirror were in harmony with this effect. The goods were tastily and artistically arranged, calling forth many expressions of admiration and approval from the many lady visitors and patrons of the store. The stock embraces everything usually carried in a store of this class, consisting in part of a complete line of white goods, ladies underwear, shirtwaists, skirts, coats, cloaks, shelf goods, notions, etc. Sole agents for Leona Garment Co., Sorosis Garment Co. and American Lady corsets. Also a full line of millinery. A first class trimmer will be employed and especial attention devoted to this department. It is the purpose of Mrs. Sweeny to carry only the best class of goods—those that she can recommend to her customers—that the White House may become a popular trading resort and the name a synonym in Angeles for fair dealing and correct price.

Mrs. Evans of Dungeness is in the city, a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Dave Govan.

Walter Miller was here Wednesday on his way to Neah Bay, where he will endeavor to secure some pictures of the scenic beauties along the coast.

Earnie Wait has his shingle mill, which he has rebuilt since it was destroyed by fire a few weeks ago, in running order again, the first shingles being hauled this week.

Mrs. E. J. Ovington was here from Seattle yesterday on her way to the lakes, where she will have put in shape for the summer business the beautiful resort conducted by herself and husband.

The Home Bakery and Delicatessen store will open March 4th, opposite Angeles Hotel. All kinds of Home made Pies, Cakes, Bread and Dainties.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. McDonnell.

Rev. and Mrs. Avery returned Friday from Seattle where they met a brother, Harry Avery, who has just come over from England. He says that the trip was the finest one made in fourteen months, it taking but six days and a half to cross the ocean.

Purser Bruce of the steamer Bellingham had forced upon his gentle care Wednesday three children of tender age who boarded his boat at Seattle and "wanted to go to grandpa's." Two of them were the grandchildren of Mr. and Mrs. Fortman at Lost Mountain, aged 6 and 7 years, and a third, Angeline Brateau, 10 years of age. All were put off at Port Williams in care of Mrs. Wagner and the two Fortman children sent to their relatives. The Drateau girl was sent back with the fatherly Bruce to the Washington Children's Home from whence she came.

The Makeagoal Club feel very much elated over the splendid success of their masque ball given in A. A. A. hall Monday evening. The ball was appropriately draped and decorated in bunting and flags, and many of the handsomest costumes worn by both the ladies and gentlemen were of the old Colonial style. The grand march was led by Mr. and Mrs. Withrow, both costumed in pure white. The patronesses were Mesdames Withrow, Delabarre and Mead, while the Misses Margaret Delabarre and Mae Webster, dressed in Colonial costumes, served the punch.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

First M. E. Church, J. M. Hixon pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m., preaching 11 a. m., class meeting 12 noon, Epworth League 6:30 p.m., preaching 7:30 p.m. Mid-week service Thursday 7:30 p. m. Come with us.

Regular services at the Congregational church hereafter by the Rev. Stephen Smith, late of Lebanon, Conn. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday School at 10 a.m. Everybody invited, especially those who have no other church home.

Sunday school in the Baptist church Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Song service in the evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 7:30 o'clock.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, S. E. Cor. 2nd and Laurel. First Reader, Mrs. Ida B. Ross. Services: 11 a. m.; Sunday School 12 m.; Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

Lincoln Heights Methodist Episcopal church—Sunday school 10 a. m.; preaching 11 a. m.; Epworth League 7 p. m.; preaching services at 7:45; prayer meeting Thursday evening 7:30.

Ev. Luth. Church.—Until further notice there will be service on the 2nd and 4th Sundays of each month from 11:00 to 12:00 o'clock. Sunday school every Sunday; classes in German and English from 10:00 to 11:00 o'clock.

EVEN FROM THE MOUNTAINS

Ballard's Snow Liniment is praised for the good it does. A sure cure for rheumatism and all pains. Wright W.Loving, Grand Junction, Colo., writes: "I used Ballard's Snow Liniment last winter, for rheumatism and can recommend it as the best Liniment on the market. I thought, at the time I was taken down with this trouble, that it would be a week before I could get about, but on applying your liniment several times during the night, I was about in 40 hours and well in three days."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

Probate Notice.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County State of Washington.

In the matter of the Estate of Elam T. Cays, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the estate of Elam T. Cays, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 16th day of December, 1908, by the Superior Court of Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, at Dungeness, Washington, within twelve months after the date of this notice, or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 22nd day of January, 1908.

ARTHUR W. CAYS, Admr.

Treasurer's Notice.

The Treasurer of Clallam County, Washington, will pay upon presentation at his office in Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington, the following warrants and all of prior issue on said funds.

Bridge Fund.

Warrant No. 1289, dated July 18th, 1908.

General Road Fund.

Warrant No. 255, dated June 8th, 1906.

Current Expense Fund.

Warrant No. 8263, dated Sept. 25th, 1908.

Road and Bridge District Funds.

District 1, warrant No. 924, dated Dec. 14th, 1907.

District 2, warrant No. 658, dated Sept. 14th, 1907.

District 3, warrant No. 1703, dated Aug. 12th, 1908.

District 4, warrant 801, dated Oct. 19th, 1907.

General School Funds.

District No. 1, warrant No. 98, dated Oct. 2nd, 1908.

District No. 3, warrant No. 287, dated May 1st, 1908.

District No. 4, warrant No. 161, dated Nov. 21st, 1908.

District No. 29, warrant No. 27, dated June 6th, 1908.

No interest will be allowed after February 12th. 1909.

A. R. Pringle,
Treasurer of Clallam County.

TWO PAPERS FOR PRICE OF ONE

Sunday Post-Intelligencer and the Olympic-Leader combined, will be sent one year to any address for $2.50. Regular rate is $2.50 a year for the Sunday P.-I. alone—a paper from 60 to 80 pages. Daily P.-I. is $6.00 a year. The Olympic-Leader and the daily one year for $6.00. The Twice-a-week P.-I. has been consolidated with the Daily and Sunday.

A. D. Willson. C. E. Fulmer

WILLSON & FULMER

EMBALMERS
FUNERAL DIRECTORS

Telephones:
Willson 84. Office L. 74 Fulmer 74

For Investments in

City and Suburban Real Estate

Farm and Timber Lands, apply to

JOHN CAIN

Owner of the following Choice Business and Residential Property:

BUSINESS PROPERTY

CAIN'S SUBDIVISION of Suburban Lots Nos. 17, 18 and 21.

E. C. Baker's Subdivision Lot 19 and Part of Doyle's Subdivision of Lot 20.

All situated between Second and Fourth Sts., and Eunice and Ennis Streets.

Also part of Williams & Cramer's, Hart & Cooke's, D. W. Morse's and P. S. C. Co.'s Subdivision of the Government Townsite of Port Angeles.

The Hotel Angeles is situated on Corner Block 3, Cain's Subdivision of 21; the Chicago Block will be built on the corner of Block 2.

400 CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS

n Townsite, Cain & Mallette's 2nd Addition, facing on Broad way, starting at E St. and extending to G St.

280 Choice Lots in Illinois Investment Co.'s Subdivision, situated within one mile.

AGENTS

L. G. Campbell, Peoria, Ill.
Wm. C. Krauter, 6409 So. Halsted St., Chicago.
Casteele & Morrow, Geneseeo, Ill.

Our patrons are advised to beware of tax titles.

PALACE OF SWEETS

Choice Candies
***The* Freshest Fruits**

BOX CANDY A SPECIALTY
SOCIETE CHOCOLATES

HOT DRINKS

HOT COCOA
CLAM NECTAR
CHOCOLATE SODA
HOT SODA

5 and 10 cents

HOT BEEF TEA
VIGORAL
TOMATO-BOUILLON

McDONALD & GRAHAM

The BEST THING FOR ORCHADDS

Gardens, Hay, Grass and Grain Fields, and Strawberry Beds.

FISH BONES

The Very Best Grade of Fertilizer

$20 per ton

Not delivered at this price

Fish Bones Spaded Under around Bearing Trees will produce wonderful results. Finest thing on earth for the young orchard.

Quantity Limited; Come Early.

The F. B. CARLISLE CO.

Manufacturers of Wilgrow

Real Estate Loans

Farm and Timber Lands

Fire, Life, and Accident Insurance

Badger Realty Co.

H. Fathers, Mgr.

Port Angeles, Washington

Your Deposit

in our bank

is guaranteed

BY U. S. Government supervision.

BY A conservative management.

BY A capital and surplus of $27,500.00.

BY Stockholders, men of means, who are liable to the depositors to the extent of $25,000.

BY The best anti-dynamite proof safe for your funds.

BY Burglar insurance for every dollar kept in the bank.

BY Insurance against daylight hold-ups.

NOW! What more do you want?

STOCKHOLDERS.

C. J. Farmer, A. I. Filion, John C. Hansen, G. M. Lauridsen, H. J. Bugge, W. F. Delabarre, J. P. Christensen.

Citizens National Bank

Port Angeles, Wash.

J. P. HAWKES

...Real Estate

City Property a Specialty

Post Box 176,

Port Angeles Wash

Thos. T. Aldwell

Established 1890.

Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.

See him for

Real Estate
Surety Bonds
Fire Insurance
Time Investments
All Information
Cheerfully Given

Special care given property of non-residents

Thos. T. Aldwell

Established 1890.

Clearing Sale Prices

on all our

TEA SETS
CHOCOLATE SETS
FINE VASES
ORNAMENTAL CHINA
SILK FANS
SILK HANDKERCHIEFS
and a grert variety of oth e articles in silk
CHINA SILK in white, cream and light blue
CHINA PONGEE SILK
BAMBOO FURNITURE

Hong, Young Co.

Ling Toy, Manager.

Phone 25.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

The following are the highest standings in the grades for the first semester's work:

Sub-Freshmen.

Arithmetic—Irene Wood, 96.
Grammar—Irene Wood, 90.
History and Civics—Edith Taylor, 96.
Physiology—Ellen Hansen, 96.

Central School, 7th Grade.

Arithmetic—Mabel Geist and John Fitzgerald, 95.
Grammar— Mabel Geist, 97.
History—Mabel Geist, 100.
Geography—Mabel Geist, 97.
Spelling — May Black and Shirley Cole, 98.

A Sixth Grade.

Arithmetic—Ben Albright, 99.
Grammar—Ben Albright, 98.
History—Joe Harley, 95.
Geography—Ina Draper, 91.

B Sixth.

Arithmetic, Clyde Foster, 91; geography, Edith Rich, 91; grammar, Bertha Jameson, 95.

A Fifth.

Reading, Edna Dietz, Kathryn Owen, Helen Woodcock, 91; spelling, Edna Dietz, 93; writing, Edna Dietz, 91; language, Helen Woodcock, Katheryn Owen, 90; hygiene, Helen Woodcock, 91; geography, Helen Woodcock, 88; arithmetic, Jas. Sanford, 91.

B Fifth.

Reading, Norman Wilkins, 91; spelling, Sarah Foster, 96; writing, Nena Buchanan, 89; language, Sarah Foster, 93; hygiene, Norman Wilkins, 89; geography, Sarah Foster 89.

A Fourth.

Reading, Beth Webster, Lucy Marquardt, 95; spelling, Ella Edwards, 97; writing, Ella Edwards, Frank Grossman, 95; language, Beth Webster, 95; geography, Helen Troy, Beth Webster, 91; arithmetic, Beth Webster, 98.

Lincoln Heights.

Eighth grade, Helen Laurens; A 7th, Aldrich Munro; B 7th, Minnie Laurens; A 6th, Floyd McGoff; B 6th, Forman Nelson; B 5th, Vera Burgman; A 4th, Lena Richardson, Bessie Vitale.

Fourth Ward.

Sixth grade, Etta Adams, Thelma Norcross; Fifth grade, Florence Gehrke, Agnes Hurley; Fourth grade, Eva McMullen, May Sullivan.

Pine Hill.

A 5th grade, Ada Cloukie; B 4th grade, Georgia Coble; B 3rd grade, Ethel Geist.

Mr. and Mrs. Luppen, Miss Powell of the Central School, and Miss Russell of Lincoln Heights went to Victoria Monday, guests of Capt. Rhodes, on U. S. S. S. McArthur.

We desire to thank our many friends for their kindness in lending a helping hand during the illness and at the time of the funeral of our wife and mother.

W. G. Green and family.

Arnt Nelson is clearing his residence lots on Seventh street, near Laurel, preparatory to erecting an up-to-date residence thereon.

L. T. Sands of Bucyrus was a business visitor here Wednesday on his way home from a trip to Seattle.

Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Appleton, jr. returned Thursday from a visit up sound.

James Clark, Quillayute's Democratic war horse, is an Angeles visitor today.

Chas. Coleman of Port Crescent spent the week in the city on business.

Mrs. Geo. Lotzgesell returned yesterday from a trip up sound.

W. F. Delabarre returned yesterday from an up sound visit.

Wanted to rent a piano. No children. Phone L 93.

Frank McCarty is spending the week in the city.

Second hand sewing machines cheap at Bakers.

If you have an eastern friend who is interested in Washington, send him a copy of the Olympic-Leader for six months or a year. Interest him in the Puget Sound country and in this particular section. There are many people now living here who became convinced that Port Angeles was a good place to live by reading the local papers.

Call for Bids.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received at the Auditor's office in the City of Port Angeles, up to the hour of two o'clock p. m., on Tuesday, the 9th day of March, 1909, to construct that portion of the Indian Creek Road commencing at the crossing of the road at Indian Creek just below Lake Sutherland and ending at the intersection of said road with the Eden Valley road near Lake Sutherland, according to the plans and specifications on file in the County Engineer's office.

A certified check or cash deposit of 5 per cent of the bid must accompany each bid.

The County Commissioners reserve the right reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, Washington, made February 10th, 1909.

N. M. HAWKINS,
Auditor of Clallam County, Washington.

PHILOSOPHY OF SPRAYING

The philosophy of spraying will be better understood if one has a general knowledge of the habits and methods of the development of the insects and fungus pest against which the spraying is used. Nearly all of these organisms are meeker and easier to destroy at some one period of their existence than at any other, consequently a knowledge of their habits and history is often necessary to success. Insects take their food in two ways, some bite and others suck. The biting kind, codling moth, plum and apple curculio, canker worm, tent catapiller, (and a host of others that I need not mention here as we are not up against them yet). For all biting insects use poisons of some kind; paris green or arsenate of lead is the best. If paris green, use one pound to two of lime to 100 gallons of water; if arsenate of lead use one and one-half pounds to 50 gallons of water. This of course is for spring and summer spray, when insects are alive and eating. For all sucking insects, such as aphis, San Jose scale, oyster shell scale or bark louse, use sulphur and lime wash when the leaves are off the tree; when the insects appear use kerosene emulsion, whale oil and quassia chips or tobacco decoction. The Washington spraying calendar will tell you how to mix all kinds of spray. You will also find formulas in nearly all tree and seed catalogues.

It is of course of some importance to have your sprays mixed right, but if you don't take pains to put it on the tree properly and enough of it you may as well dump the mixture in the bay for all the good it will do. Take a bright, sunny day for the work, and go over the trees two or three times or until you get them thoroughly covered, and if the trees are scaley go over them four times, or until you plaster in the scale for good and always.

I sprayed trees in this city three years ago that were all but dead with scale in that way and there has been no scale on them since. If the trees are very bad, scrape the main trunk and large limbs with a dull hoe or some dull tool that will not cut, and thereby destroy lots of them.

J. G. Madland.

Notice of Estray.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has at his farm one dark roan cow, aged about five years, also one red heifer, aged about two years. The said heifer has white spots on legs and hips with crescent or half moon mark on both ears.

Said cow and heifer have been taken up by the undersigned for the reason that they are continually breaking into his pasture. The owners of said animals can have the same by calling at the farm of Frank Lotzgesell, known as Pleasant Ridge Farm at Dungeness, Clallam county, Washington, and paying for this notice and the amount due for caring for the said animals. Should no claimant appear claiming said animals the same will be sold by the sheriff as by law provided.

Dated this 26th day of February, 1909. S H. Tripp.

Pleasant and Most Effective.

T. J. Chambers, Ed. Vindicator, Liberty, Texas, writes: "With pleasure and unsolicited by you, I bear testimony to the curative power of Ballard's Horehound Syrup. I have used it in my family and can cheerfully affirm it is the most effective and best remedy for coughs and colds I have ever used."

Sold by W. J. Mathewson.

W. GRANT TUCKER, M.D.

35 Union Block, First Avenue, Seattle.

Making Good.

There is no way of making *lasting* friends like "Making Good;" and Doctor Pierce's medicines well exemplify this, and their friends, after more than two decades of popularity, are numbered by the hundreds of thousands. They have "made good" and they have *not* made drunkards.

A good, honest, square-deal medicine of known composition is **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.** It still enjoys an immense sale, while most of the preparations that have come into prominence in the earlier period of its popularity have "gone by the board" and are never more heard of. There must be some reason for this long-time popularity and that is to be found in its superior merits. When once given a fair trial for weak stomach, or for liver and blood affections, its superior curative qualities are soon manifest; hence it has survived and grown in popular favor, while scores of less meritorious articles have suddenly flashed into favor for a brief period and then been as soon forgotten.

For a torpid liver with its attendant indigestion, dyspepsia, headache, perhaps dizziness, foul breath, nasty coated tongue, with bitter taste, loss of appetite, with distress after eating, nervousness and debility, nothing is so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It's an honest, square-deal medicine with all its ingredients printed on bottle-wrapper — no secret, no hocus-pocus humbug, therefore *don't accept a substitute* that the dealer may possibly make a little bigger profit. *Insist* on your right to have what you call for.

Don't buy **Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription** expecting it to prove a "cure-all." It is only advised for woman's *special* ailments. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. Less advertised than some preparations sold for like purposes, its sterling curative virtues still maintain its position in the front ranks, where it stood over two decades ago. As an invigorating tonic and strengthening nervine it is unequaled. It won't satisfy those who want "booze," for there is not a drop of alcohol in it.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the *original* Little Liver Pills, although the first pill of their kind in the market, still lead, and when once tried are ever afterwards in favor. Easy to take as candy—one to three a dose. Much *imitated* but *never equaled.*

LODGE NOTICES

F. & A. M.—Port Angeles Lodge No. 69 F. & A. M., meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month. Visiting brothers always welcome.

R. D. Callison, W. M.
E. D. Eliott, Sec'y.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel, Visitors cordially invited.

F. L. Thompson, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. Eliott, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O F. hall

E. Ramsey, N. G.
Wm. Garvin Secretary.

J. T. Knight, V. G.; R. M. Toler, F. S.; Miles Wait, Treas.

Modern Woodmen—Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets every second and fourth Friday in I. O. O. F. hall.

H. Malchau, Consul.
C. W. Fields, Clerk,

W. O. W. — Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets every third Saturday of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.

L. A. Strobel, Consul Com.
R. A. Martin, Clerk.

FOR SALE CHEAP

A good Baker's Oven, cost $130 new, been used about three years. You can have it for $25, if you come at once. Will make good fruit drier or smoke house.

J. G. Madland,
Cor. 10th and Lincoln Sts., Port Angeles.

Chic Food will make the chickens lay, $1.50 for 100 lbs. F. B. Carlisle Co., Port Angeles

Bank of Clallam County

Established April, 1895

Transacts a General Banking Business

H. E. Lutz, President.
S. J. Lutz, Cashier.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

BARGAIN DAY

FEBRUARY 27, 1909

SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTION OFFER

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer

An Unequaled Opportunity

RATES BY MAIL

Daily and Sunday one year..... **$4.50**
Daily (six times a week) one year..... **$3.60**
Sunday only, one year..... **$1.25**
No subscription taken for less than one year.

USE THIS COUPON

POST-INTELLIGENCER CO., Seattle, Wash.

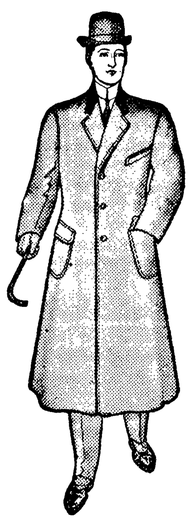
Gentlemen—Enclosed find $.....for the ..... State edition. Post-Intelligencer for one year as per your Bargain Day Offer.

Name .....

P. O. .....State .....

I am ..... Subscriber
(State whether old or new)

N. B.—Remittances on this offer must be mailed not later than midnight, February 27, 1909.



Three-Button Novelty Overcoat, No. 540

The Part You Don't See

of a suit—more particularly the coat—is the most important element of fine tailoring.

In an Ed. V. Price suit or overcoat it is the basis of neatness, durability, honest construction and superior workmanship, which means the garment is as

Good As Can Be Made

out of high grade materials and the world's best tailors, working with the most up-to-date equipment.

Suit or overcoat from your choice of 500 fine cloths, according to direct or modified style, made to fit and satisfy you perfectly, for half, or much less, the charge of any local tailor.

CHAS. A. FILION

Representative, Next to Glendale Creamery, Port Angeles

Recognized Leading Angeles Hotel for Commercial Men and Public Generally.

MERCHANTS HOTEL

E. E. DAY, PROPRIETOR

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons, and Party Suppers.

Only Wholesale Liquor House in County in Connection. Phone 4. Goods Delivered Free in City. Mail Orders from County Patrons Given Prompt Attention.

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

J. R. GALLAGHER **Phone 24** M. J. KERKES

GALLAGHER & KERKES TRANSFER CO.

Successor to Johnson Transfer Co.

LIVERY, FEED, SALE STABLES

Lincoln Street Wharf, Port Angeles

Commercial Baggage a Specialty. Cab Service at All Hours.
Piano Moving. Heavy Hauling.

Horses for Sale on Hand Now.

Our Own Boat

STEAMER ALBION

Leave City Dock, Port Angeles, after 7 p. m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave Schwabacher Dock, Pier 7, Seattle, after 6:30 p. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Special attention given to handling all kinds of freight and we solicit the patronage of all citizens of Port Angeles.

Capt. W. L. Stetson, Master.
C. C. Brooks, Purser.

McKEE & LaFLOWER

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

C. F. MERRITT, Manager City Office.

Phones: LaFlower 108; McKee 105; City Office 7.

LADY ATTENDANTS

Spraying Materials

For Trees, Shrubs and Bushes

The Best Prices in any Quantity

Grafting Wax Ready for Use

A Spraying Calendar Free to Our Patrons

—SEE OUR WINDOWS—

C. E. NAILOR

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST

Phone 41. Mail Orders Are Solicited

Still Doing Business and Lots of It
BECAUSE
Our Goods are Good -:- Our Prices Right

The Truth about Our Prices

They are surely lower than you have been paying, else why the attitude of the COMBINE toward us.

They have notified the Wholesale Houses that they would not Patronize them if they SOLD US GOODS.

They have turned down Traveling men WHO DID SELL US GOODS.

They have sent the Agent of certain goods to us DEMANDING that WE get a HIGHER PRICE for their line of goods, or they would refuse to sell to us. We informed him "there were others," and we maintain OUR PRICES.

We are Here to Stay

And offer you goods at the following prices

Silver Leaf Flour	$1.40 sk	6 lb Box Kingsford Silver Gloss Starch	.65
Diploma Flour	1.35 sk	6 lb Box Lilly Gloss starch	.55
Granulated Sugar	6.00 sk	½ Box Soda Crackers	.65
Granulated Sugar 16 lbs	1.00	6 lbs Rolled Oats	.25
Swifts Hams	17c lb	6 lbs Rolled Wheat	.25
Swifts Picnic Hams	12½c lb	3 pkgs A & H Soda	.25
Salt Pork	13c lb	3 pkgs Macaroni	.25
5 lb Silver Leaf Lard	75c	3 lb Seeded Raisins	.25
10 lb Silver Leaf Lard	1.50	3 cans Tomatoes	.25
5 lb Carstens Lard	.70	Speceal rates in quantities & case lots	
10 lbs ,, ,,	1.40		

SPECIALS FOR

SATURDAY & MONDAY

7 bars Zepa Laundry soap 25c -:- Qt. bottle Superior Table Vinegar, 2 for 25c -:- 1 lb Fancy Chester Table Raisins 15c -:- Our Special Blend Coffee (regular 35c) 30c per lb -:- Our 25c grade Coffee 2 lbs for 45c, 4½ lbs for $1. -:- This is the best coffee for the money in Port Angeles.

We do as we advertise and advertise the truth

GATE CITY GROCERY

PHONE 243

Somebody
Is bound
To wake
Up soon

Face to Face with the Manager. Here is a snap you often read about but seldom Find:

We can sell you a Nice Little Chicken Ranch from 5 to 20 acres on the Installment Plan, $10 down and $5 per month; also, 2 nice lots suitable for a home in almost any part of the City, $10 down and $5 per month.

We sell the Earth on the Installment Plan. SEE US

CHEHALIS REALTY AND INVESTMENT CO.

CITY NEWS

Fresh fish at the Fish Market

See Baker & Son for all kinds of Lamp Chimneys.

See our stock of Salt Fish. City Fish Market.

St. Andrew's Guild will meet with Mrs. Cooper, Wednesday, March 3rd.

The finest Dried Peaches you ever ate, 15c per lb. Seevers Cash Store Co.

A. F. Hartleb is building a neat cottage home corner Sixth and Valley streets.

For perfect vision get the Crystal Lense. Turkington, optician. 313 Front St.

New stoves traded for old ones at Leland & Garber's New and Second-hand Store.

"Barrington Hall" Coffee, still leads them all 40c per lb, 2 lb for 75c. Seevers Cash Store Co.

A good line of pruning shears, pruning hooks, and spray pumps at H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.'s

John Hickok returned from Seattle Tuesday, where he visited his wife, reporting her as slightly improved.

Adolph Anderson is getting the lumber on the ground for a new house, corner of Fifth and Jones streets.

Clyde McDonnell will open a home bakery and delicatessen store in the rooms formerly occupied by Brumfield and Ridenour.

Mrs. FitzHenry went up to Port Townsend Tuesday to assist in the care of her sister, Mrs. E. W. Merrill, who has not been so well lately, we regret to say.

Dr. W. Grant Tucker has decided to locate in Seattle for the practice of his profession. He will be located in Room 35, Union Block, First Ave.

Large shipment of linoleums, matting and carpets, and floor oil cloth. Very nice patterns of linoleums, the best quality, 45c up, at H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur Co.'s.

E. L. Lockhart has commenced an addition to his home on Sixth street, near Laurel. A year ago or more, Mr. Lockhart put up the kitchen on the rear part of his house, which the family have since occupied. He will now add a front addition to his home.

John L. Burns has recently built a large hen house and otherwise improved his residence property on Sixth street. Mr Burns has an ideal place for successful raising of poultry, which is destined to become one of the leading industries on the logged-off lands of Clallam county.

The incipient fire Sunday afternoon at the home of H. S. Collier, Pine Hill, was no doubt caused from a lighted match carelessly thrown upon the floor in the bedroom. Mr. Collier left home about noon and the fire, which caught on the bed, smouldered until three o'clock, when Mrs. Jones, a neighbor, smelling the burning woolen blankets, gave the alarm. Neighbors quickly extinguished the blaze. The damage was confined to the bed which was ruined. The fire department responded promptly, but, after making the long pull up the hill, their services were not required.

The young ladies of St. Margaret's Guild are to be congratulated on the unique and amusing entertainment they afforded the public in their County Fair held at Parish Hall last Friday evening. Despite the dark, rainy evening, a very good crowd turned out and the young ladies cleared about $25. Besides the vaudeville, which was very cleverly gotten up and delighted everyone, there were on exhibition in a number of different booths, freaks of nature, Bluebeard's wives, a baby show, a fine county exhibit, and last, but not least, the fortune telling booth, presided over by a real prophetess. Music by the High School orchestra, under the direction of Miss Marsh, was a very enjoyable feature of the entertainment.

I have a few fine pieces of Seattle income property to trade for Clallam County farms or acreage.

S. A. OWEN,

Hotel Angeles, Port Angeles, Wn.

To the Public :-

See Us for big Reductions in Our Line For Cash

Gray's Cash Store

Dogfish oil at Fish Market.

All kinds of green vegetables at Fish Market.

See Baker & Son for Mop Sticks at 10 cents while they last.

"Preferred Stock" Clam Chowder, 25c per can— Seevers Cash Store Co.

Stove repairing done; work guaranteed. Leland & Garber, Phone 222.

Try the Central Baths—porcelain tubs and every convenience. Critchfield & Getty.

"Preferred Stock" Sliced Pineapple, 15c and 25c per can—Seevers Cash Store Co.

Mrs. G. H. Sweeny left for Seattle Wednesday to purchase goods for the White House.

Special accomodations for family baths; new porcelain tubs; hot water always ready. The Central Baths.

Good line of light and heavy harness, wagons and buggies, at H. Gutenberg's Hdw. & Fur. Store.

At the Central Baths you do not have to wait—four chairs, and expert barbers to attend your wants. Critchfield & Getty.

See Bakers' stock of new and second hand furniture before buying. They can save you money.

Miss Vida Mathews, a trained nurse from Seattle, arrived Saturday to care for her cousin, Mrs. H. R. Tucker.

E. W. Merrill & Co , to supply the increasing demands of their grocery trade, are building an additional warehouse back of the store 75 by 25 feet.

L. L. Ramalia was an Angeles visitor the early week, buying some furnishings for the new addition to his home at Sequim, erected the past season.

Now is the time to look after your wire fencing. We have a big stock of different varieties at very reasonable prices Call and see us for estimates and prices. H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

We acknowledge one of those pleasant, visits from a Clallam county pioneer, L. H. Tripp of Dungeness, this week. Mr. Tripp appears to be one of those bright, genial, wholesouled men who have more friends than they can well take care of. What a good world this world would be if as much could be said of everybody.

Rev. J. W. Ward of the Dungeness M. E. Church is conducting the protracted meetings in the Methodist church in this city, during the absence of the pastor, Rev. Hixon, who was suddenly called to Missouri on Thursday of last week. Rev. Ward is making many friends in the city by his earnest Christian work.

A telegram from Seattle Monday conveyed the sad intelligence of the death in that city of Mrs. Scott Perkins from typhoid pneumonia. Mrs. Perkins was formerly known in Angeles Miss Odessa Buck, a sister of Mrs. P. E. Graves of this place. Mr. Perkins was at one time a popular clerk in the Brophy grocery store of this city.

Eastern Oysters, 75c per quart at Fish Market.

We have cheap flour

But it is not

HOLLY FLOUR

We will meet any price made on the same class of goods but the flour that has made the reputation that HOLLY has, cannot be touched by anything cheap.

E. W. MERRILL & CO

"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY"

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Seattle, Wash., February 8, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Edwin H. Isbell, of Elwha, Wash., who, on October 29, 1907, made homestead entry No. 19610 (Serial No. 01287), for Lots 3, 4, and 5, Section 32, Township 30 North, Range 7 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James Stewart, U. S. Commissioner, at Port Angele, Wash., on the 10th day of April, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Harry Coventon, Ed Herrick, William Bender, and Gus Roll, all of Elwha, Wash.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Date of first publication, February 12, '09.

CHICKENS WANTED

Chickens Wanted--Highest price paid for old and young chickens at City Fish Market.

Keep open March 6th, Saturday,

For the great Athletic Meet,

For all kinds of Physical Exercises,

Boxing, Wrestling, Fencing, High Jump, High Kick, Potato Race.

Prizes will be awarded to the winners.

You will be asked for 25c at the door.

The place will be at the A.A.A. Hall.

On Fourth and Laurel streets.

Come and bring your lady friend.

You can buy your

Spray Material

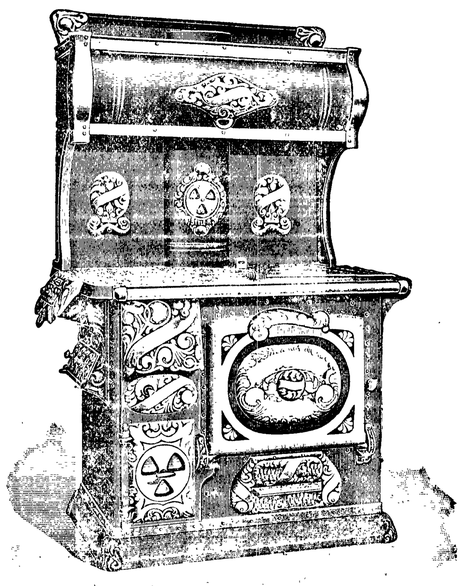
as cheap from us as at any place in the city.

Why look further for your

SULPHUR
BLUE STONE
BABBITT'S LYE
TREE SOAP
QUASSIA CHIPS
GRAFTING WAX
Lime & Sulphur Solution
Whale Oil Soap
Arsenate of Lead

MATHEWSONS DRUG STORE

A GOOD RANGE FOR $30.00



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GREAT NORTHERN SEED CO.

175 River St., Rockford, Illinois.

Editorials

Opinions of Great Papers on Important Subjects.

NIGHT-RIDING MUST BE SUPPRESSED.

TENNESSEE jails are at present are populous with men arrested on charges of whitecapping and kukluxing.

Besides the murder by night-riders a few weeks ago of a lawyer who had bought a lake and proposed to enforce fishing privileges which were his by reason of the purchase, there have been numerous minor outrages. One of these was the whipping of a farmer who sold his crop of peanuts at what other peanut growers considered too low a price.

It is well that the civil authorities in Tennessee are making what looks like a strenuous effort in good faith to visit punishment upon bullying violators of the law. If the attempt of the civil authorities fails, the State militia should be freely used to prevent riotous outrages hereafter.

Should the arm of the State be not strong enough, the situation would call for help from the federal government. Night-riding, whitecapping, kukluxing—all terrorism and attempts at terrorism—must be put down if it takes the whole power of the standing army to do it. The United States must be a country of law and order.—Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin.

MARRYING ON $6 A WEEK.

ACCORDING to Justice Foster, women who marry men earning only $6 a week should do so with a clear understanding that they must continue to work for a living, and he announces that, whatever other judges may do, he will never compel a husband with such an income to contribute any part of it for the separate support of a wife who chooses to leave him because of discontent with the home his earnings make possible. This rather startling announcement is sure to revive the old controversy as to the amount of money that makes possible a happy, or even an endurable, wedded life, and doubtless many will criticise Justice Foster for laying down a principle that takes so little account of sentiment and the accepted platitudes about love as the sufficient foundation of matrimonial bliss. And yet his decision has its merits, and many of them.

All efforts to fix a definite sum, whether of capital or of income, which will justify a young man and woman in getting married are waste of time. The outcome of the venture depends almost entirely upon their own peculiarities of character and capacity, and, while some would get along if they began on nothing at all, no amount would be large enough for others. The one case, like the other, however, is highly exceptional, and for the common run of humanity there is an income point below which matrimony is folly little, if any, less than criminal. And $6 a week, in this city at least, is not for two people a living wage in any true sense of the term. Probably they could escape starvation on it, but they would constantly be on the very verge of that uncomfortable condition; they would fall steadily in the social and economic scale, and any trivial accident that diminished or cut off the wage would inevitably drive them into pauperism or crime.

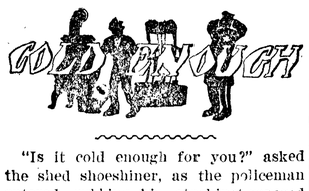
If ruin came from no other source, the first child probably, and the second certainly, would bring it. The notion that two people, if only they be married, can live as cheapy as either alone is an absurd delusion. Two can live as cheaply as many a one does, but only when the one has been spending a large part of his or her income for other things than necessities, and is willing, under the new arrangement, to go without them. Twenty dollars is much nearer than six to the permissible minimum, and, at that, people who have never had to maintain a family on as little as the larger sum wonder how it can possibly be done. It simply can't be accomplished on $6, if life is to be worthy of the name, and its ordinary decencies are requisite for happiness, as they ought to be.—New York Times.

ECONOMIC WASTE IN RELIGION.

NOT alone is religion in the commission of the economic crime of waste, but it everywhere furnishes one of the most conspicuous examples of the tendency. It would be bootless to philosophize over the causes which have produced the infinite subdivisions among theologians or over the present-day movement which is leading men to consider—more than in the past—their points of agreement rather than their antagonism of belief and practice, yet the building or altar against altar goes on apace, and the endeavor which might be concentrated toward the betterment of mankind is frittered away and lost. Not one intelligent man doubts the stupendous force—creative, corrective and remedial—which could be exerted by the church people of the land if they could once be united and their efforts concentrated upon the execution of good works and the prevention of evil, and there are few who do not appreciate the difficulties and the obstacles which have to be overcome before such unity and concentration can be made possible.—Philadelphia Public Ledger

LIBERTY BELL NO HOBO.

THE bell is a heritage of the nation, but Philadelphia is its responsible keeper. Here, in Independence Hall, is the one resting place that it should ever know. Take it away from its surroundings and it loses much of the sentiment that attaches to it. To send it on junketing expeditions is to cheapen it. If the policy of exhibiting it as a traveling showman would exhibit a wild animal from Africa is continued, the time will certainly come when, in some railroad crash, it will be scattered in fragments. It has had one or two pretty narrow escapes already. If anything should happen to it Philadelphia would never be forgiven.—Philadelphia Inquirer.



"Is it cold enough for you?" asked the shed shoeshiner, as the policeman entered, rubbing his stockinet-covered ears.

"Cold enough!" echoed the policeman, "I sh'd say not. What do you take me for—mutton gravy? You must think I'm easy chilled. Cold enough- Why, it ain't more'n eight or ten below an' I've been exercisin' hard, blowin' my whistle, all mornin'! Cold enough? Don't you see the sweat runnin' off me? What's the matter with you? You don't feel cool, do you?"

"Seems to me I can stand it with the door shut," said the shed shoeshiner, closing the door and pressing down the latch. "Stand to one side an' I'll put some more coal in."

"Don't on my account," said the policeman. 'I didn't come in here on account of the stove. I came because I'm fond of the society. You ask such smart questions."

"You look frostbit, but I didn't know," said the shed shoeshiner.

"How should you?" said the policeman. "You'd naturally think a man would want ice inside his hat on a balmy day like this is. It's the kind of day a feller wants to cuddle up alongside of an electric fan, ain't it? You don't mind if I take off my coat an' rest, do you?"

"Go ahead," said the shed shoeshiner, hospitably. "Make yourself at home."

"If we could only have a thunderstorm an' a good heavy shower it might get a little cooler," said the policeman. "A breath of air would help some. The wind ain't blowin' mor'n forty mile an hour at the outside. It's a pity we can't have one o' those good, old-fashioned winters they tell about when it would freeze water if you let it stand out all night. I'm just rubbin' my nose to get the bloom o' youth on it, not because it's froze stiff. Hot weather always makes my nose pale. Is it cold enough for me? Was you ever at Medicine Hat?"

"Where's that?" asked the shoeshiner.

"It's where the cold weather starts from, 'cordin' to the papers," replied the policeman. "It gets so cold there it freezes the mercury solid. That's where I'd like to be. I'd like to get a job on the Medicine Hat force an' stand on a crossin' all day with my vest unbuttoned makin' motions at the traffic. If I can't get relief no other way I'm goin' out for a boat ride on the lake to-night in a pair o' duck pants. I'd probably get good an' wet if the water's rough, as it's apt to be, an' that would be something. If it wasn't I could hang my feet over in the slush ice an' get the burning out o' them. Say, it's a mighty good thing for you that I hadn't the use of my arms when I come in here; I'd certainly have soaked you one. Is it cold enough! Say, you didn't notice the icicles on my mustache, did you?"

"Of course I seen you was cold," said the shed shoeshiner. "I was jest joshin' when I asked you if it was cold enough for you."

"It's a great josh," said the policeman. "I wish you'd get it patented an' I had the job of arrestin' every guy who infringed on it. I'd start in by clubbin' 'em to death, I tell you those. Say, there's some jokes that's jokes, an' there's some that ain't. That one ain't. Not to me. If I was runnin' a furnace in an apartment buildin' a feller might make that crack an' get away with it, but I ain't doin' the right kind of stunt to enjoy it. It's too frequent, anyway."

"I won't do it again," promised the shed shoeshiner.

"See that you don't," said the policeman. "When a guy asks me if it's cold enough for me he always makes me hot."—Chicago Daily News.

PLEA FOR THE COMPARATIVE.

Overdoing the Superlative in Our National Habit of Exaggeration.

Prof. Thomas R. Lounsbury, of Yale, who has as one of his chief delights in life the shocking of the grammarians, writes in a recent issue of Harper's Magazine in defense of the use of the superlative degree in comparing two objects. In this attitude Prof. Lounsbury will have the hearty concurrence of at least two classes—school girls of the caramel ages and political stump speakers whose ambition is to fire the heart of the people. Neither of these have any comprehension of any other degree of speech but the superlative degree. The positive is too tame, the comparative is an unknown country; the superlative, and the superlative only, fits their excited and exalted moods. Prof. Lounsbury alleges that the habit of using the superlative when two objects are compared is one which the best writers are unanimous in following.

He allows that such writers employ both degrees in such cases; but he asserts that where with them the comparative is found once, the superlative is found at least twice. Of course the fact is one of mathematics, and probably no grammarian or critic of the grammarians has ever wasted his time in taking a census of the positive and superlative as used by the best writers. Whether Prof. Lounsbury is or is not accurate in his presentation of this matter as respects the best writers, we are quite certain that people who rank below them, or have no rank at all as writers, use the superlative with altogether too much freedom and abandon. Everything, compared or not, is superlative. The best, the greatest, the sublimest, the dearest, the darlingest, the worst, are sure to be the adjectives every time. Whatever the issue on the orator's mind, it is the most important before the country, without reference to the fact that another issue was the most important last night and still another will be the most important to-morrow night. And at the other extreme your effusively enthusiastic miss has always just had the "dandiest" time, or has recently escaped from the horridest people; while all the way between all sorts and conditions of men and women scatter superlatives about things of importance and things of no importance with lavish and undiscriminating lips. Whatever Prof. Lounsbury may have learned from the best writers, the comparative degree is a device of the language that ought to have more consideration in a land which has yielded itself to the habit of exaggeration.

Simplicity.

Flushed and smiling, the girl graduate seated herself beside her father in the automobile and patted the pale, blue bow of ribbon on her essay.

"Did you like my essay, father?"

"Your commencement essay upon Life's Higher Calls," he said, "seemed to me to be too—too. But listen, here is an autograph letter of John Ruskin's that I bought this morning for $17. Maybe, if you had read this letter before writing your essay it would have been better."

Then the father read the letter aloud, while the young girl listened with a scornful and sour air.

"I was obliged to write too young, when I knew only half truths, and was eager to set them forth by what I thought fine words. People used to call me a good writer then; now they say I can't write at all, because, for instance, if I think anybody's house is on fire I only say, 'sir, your house is on fire,' where I formerly used to say, 'sir, the abode in which you probably passed the delightful days of youth is in a state of inflammation," and everybody used to like the effect of the two p's in 'probably passed,' and the two d's in 'delightful days.'"

Nothing to Fear.

Motorist's Friend—O, I say! Goodness gracious, we'll be smashed up in a minute!

Motorist—All right, my dear fellow, don't excite yourself. The firm I bought this motor from have agreed to keep it in repair for a year.

When a man tells his side of the "story," you can't believe all he says. He at least exaggerates in his own fa-

FOR AND ABOUT WOMEN

Woman's Servility to Fashion.

There is nothing more abject in the social state than the servility of women to the dictates of fashion, declares a New York writer. Nothing more inartistic or barren of all harmony or beauty could be devised than the feminine figure which prevails at present just because it is "fashionable." Of course, in this respect fat, even mildly plump, women are left out of the reckoning, though they are struggling as best they can to compress themselves into the shape of an Egyptian mummy. To be in line with fashion now every woman must find her greatest width at the shoulders. From that point she must taper to her heels, and she must be prepared to knock her knees together when she walks. It is a fashion that is preposterous in every way, and it is not to the credit of the great army of women that its introduction was brought about by three dressmakers' models.

The style was seen first when three models went to a Paris race track in sheath gowns, and for their pains were escorted off the course by the police. For a few weeks the women of Paris asserted they would not submit to the sheath gown or any modification of it; yet the clinging effect of the sheath forms the chief note in the present styles. Worth and other alleged leading dressmakers of Paris cried out against anything approaching the sheath model, but all have been forced to surrender.

Of course, the true sheath, with its slit side, has not been worn. The tapering effect of the sheath is the thing. Women, tall and small, have fallen victims of the craze. The natural lines of the human form must disappear under the lacing and the kneading of this iniquitous fashion. The woman who cannot compress her hips into smaller space than her shoulders will be looked upon as hopeless from the point of view of fashion, and this imposes torture upon the great majority.

What is to come out of it all? Petticoats are to be discarded, so that the mummy effect may not be destroyed. To move easily in the new skirts is an impossibility, and the knock-kneed woman will find herself at an advantage over her straight-limbed sister. The ways of fashion surely are as strange and mysterious as woman herself.

Combination Costume.

Prunelle velvet was used to make the long plain skirt of this stylish costume, and chiffon broadcloth in a lovely shade of violet that harmonized beautifully made the tunic. Russian lace was elaborately used on the bodice, and made the entire short sleeves. The yoke was formed of chiffon, finely tucked, and matched the tunic in color. The hat of satin and aigrettes was carried out in the same lovely shades.

Homeless Girls.

There are said to be no fewer than 50,000 working girls in Berlin who have no homes, no rooms even that they can call their own, but sleep in the Schlafstellen, and in the daytime have no place at all to which to go. The city contributes $500 a year toward three homes where the girls may go when they are sick. Anna Plothow has suggested that the factory owners would benefit themselves by making good homes for the girls.

The American Woman.

Who shall say which is the true American woman, the housekeeper of the Kansas farm, of the Tennessee mountain cabin or of the city flat? asks a writer in the New York Evening Post. There is no composite of the American woman, who is least of all to be studied on 5th avenue or Newport or to be judged by the "stories" about her in the illustrated Sunday supplements. That she has her faults, wherever she be, is perfectly obvious, since she is but human. We are inclined to think that a serious and careful student would find the educated American woman less interested in political and social questions than her sisters abroad. But, on the other hand, if there is narrowness along these lines, where is her equal for charitable work? Where any others who merit such praise for maintaining the artistic and the refining influences of the home?

Big pigskin, walrus or leather auto bags, 10 by 12 inches, are seen in the shops.

Cashmere de soie, with a surface as glossy as satin, is a pronounced novelty in dress goods.

For actual warmth the goat skin and oppossum coats, lined with cloth, are very successful.

The glove most eagerly sought to-day for everyday wear is the French pique with one clasp. The soft, eight-button gloves are worn with afternoon toilettes. The mannish cape glove is long and fits snugly to the arm. All gloves button.

Flowers and fruit appear among the designs in men's neckwear

Nowadays nearly all women wear jabots, and among the prettiest is the grandfather frill.

Embroidered dots of various sizes are used in dainty ties. The dots may be white or a color.

Royal blue, golden brown, mulberry and maize are fashionable colors in high-class costumes.

Many of the prettiest hats are almost smothered in downy marabou; its soft effect is becoming to almost every woman.

A narrow band of gold or silver ribbon, with a rose at each end, makes a becoming hair ornament on the Grecian order.

Shoes present one aspect coming and another aspect going—backs match the dress, while fronts are of conventional patent leather.

With elaborate afternoon and evening gowns sleeves that are strapped with the material of the gown over lace are a good deal used.

Slip a bit of gold lace under your net chemisette. This glint of gold through the transperancy is one of the important touches.

The dressmakers have decided that about the best width for the modern clinging skirt is two yards or a few inches over. Street skirts cut above the ankles, made of rough fabrics, are not always this wide, but the two yards in unstiffened satin or tulle give enough stiffness at footline.

The Better Foreign Way.

American women are clean enough as far as their homes are concerned, but they often very grudgingly give any work to the municipality. In Germany there is a nightly washing of the cities that makes everything clean to the eye when morning comes, and the Dutch housewife considers the pavement in front of her house a responsibility of her own and scrubs it until it is clean enough to eat from.

Barrette That Sticks.

There is already a woman's back comb designed so as to retain its place in the hair. It has remained for a Massachusetts man to turn out a barrette with the same virtuees. This barrette has a row of teeth inside and running lengthwise with the back. The pin is wide enough to carry an opening into which the teeth fit, so that when the whole is closed and fastened in the hair there is little danger of the pin coming open, as the pins of most barettes are prone to do, inasmuch as the strands of hair that are caught between the teeth keep it in position. There is probably no one article of dress or ornament more frequently lost by a woman than a barrette, and as many of these are costly articles, some of them, indeed, containing valuable jewels, the importance of this safety device can be readily appreciated.

SURE TO STICK.

Woman's Neat Proposal.

A bachelor rector of a Western church was alone in his study when his housekeeper brought him the card of one of his parishioners, a spinster of means and charm.

When the lady was seated on the opposite side of his study table the rector looked at her inquiringly, expecting to hear something concerning parish work, in which he was active. To his surprise an embarrassed silence ensued, during which he vainly sought for something to say.

"Dr. Blank," began the lady, at last, in faltering tones, "do you think—can you fancy conditions under which a—a woman is—justified in proposing?"

"Why, yes," said the rector, after some deliberation.

"Thou art the man!" said the lady, resolutely.

She was right.

When Sleeves Are Long.

The girl of the pretty hand and arm is not pleased with the latest dictum in sleeves. Layers of silk or net or velvet almost to the finger tips may be "smart," but they also cover up much natural beauty Though the "knockers" were wont to bemoan the ugliness displayed by the long, popular elbow sleeve, in point of fact it was a style much more becoming to the average hand than the long sleeve.

It may make a hand seem smaller to be half covered; it also makes it look redder and much more awkward. Defects in manicuring are more in evidence; therefore it behooves one to pay more instead of less attention to the care of her hands. The long sleeve requires more careful cutting, it does away with the fetching bracelet, and it brings about cheaper gloves.

GIRLS' ELABORATE STYLES OF HAIRDRESSING.

Modish Reception Gown.

For this rich and elegant costume gray chiffon broadcloth was used, and, as sketch shows, it is cut in tunic effect, the latter bordered with bands of self-tone satin. The heavy lace so elaborately used is dyed to match the cloth, and tiny silver buttons and braid form a pretty closing for the side seams. The accompanying hat is black satin, loaded with magnificent gray plumes.

Honey for Burns.

The Swiss Bee Journal says, in speaking of honey as a cure for burns, that a child 2 years old was severely burned on the arm, in boiling water. The member was immediately bathed in honey and wrapped in a linen cloth. The pain at once ceased and the healing was very rapid, the honey keeping the air from the burn. The bandage was changed every day. It was easily removed, without hurting the child, by first moistening the cloth with warm water.

A Danger in Cheap Furs.

"Cheap furs carry with them a danger that it is well to consider," says the Woman's Home Companion. "This is the unsanitary manner in which they are made up and the fact that fur offers an attractive lurking place for germs. Most of them are made by Russian Jews, half starved, unclean and many of them victims of furriers' asthma. Naturally the better goods are made under sanitary conditions."

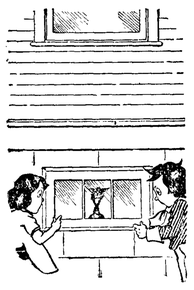
Good Blood

Means good health, and Hood's Sarsaparilla has an unapproached record as a blood-purifier.

It effects its wonderful cures, not simply because it contains sarsaparilla but because it combines the utmost remedial values of more than 20 different ingredients. There is no real substitute for it. If urged to buy any preparation said to be "just as good" you may be sure it is inferior, costs less to make, and yields the dealer a larger profit.

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla today. In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as Sarsatabs.

Only 60c



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Cross panel doors only $1.35 per door.

Cottage front windows, bottom glass 40x40, top 40x20, $2.93 The lowest price ever made by any dealer in the Northwest on so large a window.

All our window glass is silver clear, which we receive in solid carloads from the natural gas belt, Pennsylvania.

We have only one price for orders large or small. We make shipment. anywhere and guarantee safe deliverys

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Guns and Ammunition

Now is the time to pick up a good second-hand Rifle or Shot Gun. I have a large assortment on hand all of the time, also I trade new Guns for old ones. And I have a full line of Hoxie Ammunition in stock, the only thing for large game. Any style of Rifle or Shot Gun you want. Write for prices. I have no price list at present as the prices are changing. All Guns are warranted.

A. L. HALL,

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ONION SEED 50 cts. a lb.

Per Salzer's catalog page 129.

Largest growers of onion and vegetable seeds in the world. Big catalog free: or, send **16c** in stamps and receive catalog and 1000 kernels each of onions, carrots, celery, radishes, 1500 each lettuce, rutabaga, turnips, 100 parsley, 100 tomatoes, 100 melons, 1200 charming flower seeds, in all 10,000 kernels, easily worth **$1.00** of any man's money. Or, send **20c** and we will add one pkg. of Earliest Peep O'Day Sweet Corn.

SALZER SEED CO., Box PC La Crosse, Wis.

Water Wells

We drill wells any size and any depth. Write for information if interested.

PACIFIC WELL DRILLER CO.,

Box 1472, Seattle, Washington

A Pennsylvania banker who robbed depositors of more than $2,000,000 has been sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary. Our dispatch does not say whether he is to be assigned to the bookkeeping department or is to look after the feeding of the warden's wife's canary.

PISO'S CURE — CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 cts.

S. N. U. No. 9 —1909

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OUR SHOW FOR THE BRITISH

Much Interest in the Coming London-American Exhibition.

Several States are taking a keen interest in the "Golden West and American Industries exhibition," to open in London next May. Space in the large exhibition grounds at Earl's court, in the west end of London, already has been engaged by various bodies representing the following cities and States: Chicago, Delaware, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, St. Louis, Cleveland, Wyoming, New York, Pittsburg, Springfield, Ohio; Hartford, Conn.; Richmond, Va., and Tacoma, Wash. This is an indication of the widespread interest which is being taken in the exhibition, and manufacturers of each State seem bent on showing the world what America can produce, the Kansas City Star says:

The Governor of California, with a view to securing adequate representation of his State, has made an application to the Legislature for an official grant. Similar steps are being taken by representatives of other States. The California promoting committee has arranged to take the Prince's hall, one of the most conspicuous buildings, for the purpose of a statistical and pictorial display, coupled with free illustrated lectures. The Los Angeles chamber of commerce is arranging to make an extensive display of the products of Southern California.

The San Francisco chamber of commerce has appointed a committee to co-operate with the United States commissioner in securing a goodly number of exhibits from the State of California. All the important California fruit growers will be present with fine exhibits and the imperial court and gardens at Earl's court have been assigned to California, Oregon and the Pacific States. The Royal galleries are being reserved for the Pacific coast States, including railroad exhibits. The Colorado State Commercial Association is preparing an extensive exhibit to occupy 300 feet by 50 feet in the Imperial court.

Although a large space (the Ducal hall) has been allotted to exhibits from the State of Illinois, the latest advices are to the effect that more space will be required to take in the exhibits from Chicago and surrounding districts. The lumber manufacturers of Tacoma, Wash., intend to be well to the front with different kinds of wooden doors, mantel pieces and other joinery and woodwork.

Even the Honolulu chamber of commerce is using its influence among the business community to have a good and representative exhibit of the various industries of the island. It is intended that Hawaii shall have a splendid display of the resources and picturesque features of the islands.

Among manufactories that have already taken space are cycle, laundry, carriage, leather, dry goods, lumber and woodwork and other important interests. Most of the big American railways also have arranged to give exhibitions, as have the trans-Atlantic steamship companies.

Altogether, it looks as if the American exhibition in London were going to be a big thing.

HIS WELL MARKED FACE.

Uncle Winfield, the worthy old sexton of the brick church on the corner, and one of the most amiable and lovable of men, came home from a stroll one day in a high state of pleasurable excitement.

"A little while ago," he said, "a slim, long-haired fellow stopped me on the street, and asked me if I had any objection to his sketching me. He said he was an artist, and was illustrating a story for a pictorial publication, and my face had so much 'character' in it that he'd like to make what he called a 'study' of it, and use it in the story.

"I told him to go ahead. He opened up a little camp-stool, stuck up a three-cornered frame in front of him, put a sheet of cardboard on it, and in five minutes he made a picture that looked exactly like me. I saw it."

"Did he try to get you to buy it?" asked Uncle Winfield's wife, suspiciously.

"No, no," he answered. "He thanked me, and, more than that, he gave me a silver dollar. Said it was worth that to him. Here's the dollar. It's the best pay I ever got for five minutes of my time."

But his wife was still unconvinced.

"It may be all right," she said, "but he'll come back at you in some way. You see if he doesn't."

A few weeks later one of his grandchildren came running into the house in great glee, with a copy of an illustrated magazine in her hand.

"Grandpa," said the little girl, "I've found a picture of you in this magazine! Here it is. Look at it."

He looked. It was one of the illustrations in a story of a pirate ship—and he was the pirate captain.

"H'mph!" ejaculated Uncle Winfield, drawing a long breath. "I think I'd like to meet that artist fellow again some day. I'd—I'd give him back his dollar."

The Magnet.

"Yes, she advertised for a husband and got 2,700 replies."

"Gracious! She must have advertised herself as very beautiful."

"No, she didn't. She just said she had $700 in the bank."—Kansas City Independent.

When a girl passes twenty-eight she stops thinking of the men, and begins to have a thoroughly good time.

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

acts gently yet promptly on the bowels; cleanses the system effectually; assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently.

To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine,

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the kind that handles the greatest quantity of water with the least power—"NOT THE CHEAPEST" Write for Bulletin "G"

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$1.00 100 Doses $1.00

WANTED every one to know that Winans Rheumatic Eradicator is a sure cure for Neuralgia and Rheumatism in all its forms. Pleasant to take. By mail prepaid.

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HOWARD E. BURTON. Assayer and Chemist. Leadville, Colorado. Specimen Prices: Gold, Silver, Lead, $1.00; Gold, Silver, 75c; Gold, 50c; Zinc or Copper, $1. Cyanide Tests. Mailing Envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire work solicited. Reference: Carbonate National Bank

Chocolate Creams.

Measure the unbeaten white of an egg, add to it as much water as there is white, and stir into this mixture enough confectioner's sugar to make a paste that can be molded into shape. Roll between the palms into round balls, roll each of these over and over in the chocolate coating and lay on waxed paper to dry.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Teddy is going to include among his African trophies a kahau; is it a quadruped or a nut?

Aeroplanes are almost as cheap as automobiles—$5,000—and turn turtle at 2 a. m. with equal facility.

Things to Know About Cakes.

To bake cake nicely the heat should be uniform throughout the whole time of baking, else a soggy streak will be found in the cake. For light, thin cakes a quick oven is required, and for dark cakes, with fruit, a slow oven with even heat. Avoid as much as possible the moving of cake after it begins to rise, as the motion may cause the escape of gas, leaving the cake heavy. Pans should always be well greased with good, sweet lard, except for thick or loaf cake, which requires a buttered piece of white paper for the sides and bottom of baking pan. To know when the cake is done, pierce with a clean broom splint. If it comes out free the mixture is done.

TRUMPET CALLS.

Ram's Horn Sounds a Warning Note to the Unredeemed.

Thoughts are things for brains to work with.

The Christian who is not wanting more religion will soon be without any.

The more helpless we are, the more able God is.

There can be no failure when we are doing our best at the thing God wants done.

When you whittle, try to make something.

God loves to watch a real man go and grow.

Every man needs Christ and Christ needs every man.

Let the aim be high and the endeavor will not be low.

Some of our best lessons are learned from our worst mistakes.

The man who has no mercy on himself will have little charity for others.

God must have us all the time, or He cannot make us fit for His presence at any time.

The devil feels right at home in the company some highly respectable people regard as good.

Character decides everything in this world, from the weight of a brick to the size of an army.

There is a lot of preaching that would never be called preaching if the preacher didn't take a text.

The value of the service does not depend so much upon what is done as on the heart with which it is done.

A man is always greater than the thing he does; greater than the thought he thinks, and greater than the song he sings.

Mix for Rheumatism

To one-half pint good whiskey, add one ounce syrup sarsaparilla and one ounce Toris compound, which can be procured of any druggist. Take in teaspoonful doses before each meal and before retiring. This recipe is said to be the best known to medical science.

Quick Brown Bread.

One cup of rye meal, one cup of Indian meal, two cups of flour, one scant cup of molasses, one cup of boiling water. Mix these ingredients well together, then add a level teaspoonful of baking powder add a teaspoonful of salt. Put in a Boston brown bread tin and steam for four hours.

FITS St. Vitas' Dance and Nervous Diseases Permanently Cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Butter Cookies.

Stir very foamy one cup of butter, one-half cup of sugar, one whole egg and two yolks; then add two cups of finely sifted flour; flavor with almond extract. Let the dough rest for an hour, covered, and in a cool place. Then take out on floured baking board and cut out small cookies. Brush with white of egg and sprinkle with granulated sugar. Bake a very light golden brown, on floured tins.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

To Spread Frozen Butter.

Plunge your butter knife for a few moments before using into hot water. Then wipe dry and the butter will spread easily. A knife treated this way will also cut new bread as easily as stale. If the buttering or cutting process is to be prolonged, use two knives, submerging and using them alternately.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. Grove. Used the world over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Fudge.

Boil together a cup each of sugar and grated chocolate with a gill of milk and a quarter-cup of molasses. Stir often, and when a little hardens in cold water take from the fire, beat hard, add a teaspoonful of vanilla, beat again, and pour into buttered tins, marking into squares.

If cranks are going to pull beards of European rulers, whiskers get another blow—not exactly the kind that blows through.

A good honest remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sore Throat is Hamlins Wizard Oil. Nothing will so quickly drive out all pain and inflammation.

Fried Cakes.

Mix together a large cup of thick sour cream and a full cup of sugar. Add five small eggs, or four large ones, well beaten, one teaspoonful of baking soda and a little nutmeg. Add enough flour to make the proper thickness for frying. Do not put in too much at first, but try a bit of the dough in the boiling fat and if it is too soft add more flour to the dough.

CRESCENT Egg-Phosphate BAKING POWDER

WILL DO ALL THAT ANY HIGH PRICED POWDER WILL DO AND DO IT BETTER

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For **DISTEMPER** Pink Eye, Epizootic, Shipping Fever and Catarrhal Fever

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KC BAKING POWDER

Pure, Wholesome, Economical.

The use of common water ways has always proven a prolific cause of international wrangling. The joint navigation of such waters, the joint control of water power, the regulation of fishing rights and the determination of the use of water in navigable streams having their rise in one jurisdiction and their outflow in another have led to interminable dispute. Later inventions, especially the use of water power for the development of electrical energy, have only served to increase the possibilities of dissension. There has been a continuous unsettled water ways debate between the United States and Great Britain from time of the colonies. It is therefore of most happy augury for the future that a treaty has been successfully negotiated by Secretary Root and Ambassador Bryce providing for amicable adjustment by a joint high commission of all future water way and boundary difficulties.

Whatever opinionated critics may have to say as to the decadence of the drama and the degeneracy of the popular taste, the theater-goer in this country appreciates and will patronize plays which have some message for the reason and the intellect as well as for the senses. He will support with his attendance sane and wholesome productions destitute of exotic and erotic features. The appeal of a play like "The Old Homestead" is elemental; it touches lost chords and forgotten springs of memory, not merely in the unsophisticated country dweller, but in the "worldly wise man."

One of the preachers says he doesn't believe there ever was such a person as Salome. We are sure there never was such a Salome as has been seen on the stage in various places.

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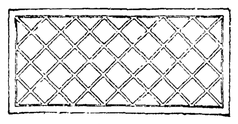

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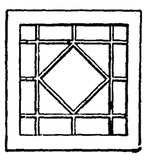

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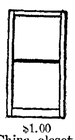

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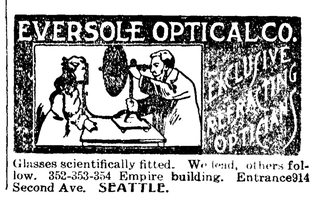

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